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16	NORTHERN DIST	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
17	SAN FRAN	CISCO DIVISION		
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19	KATHERINE BAKER, JOSÉ LUNA, EDGAR POPKE, and DENNY G.	Case No. 3:22-CV-4645-AMO		
20	WRASKE, Jr. on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated,	CLASS ACTION		
21	Plaintiffs,	SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT (ERISA)		
22	v.			
23				
	SAVE MART SUPERMARKETS and			
24	SAVE MART SUPERMARKETS and SAVE MART SELECT RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN,			
24 25	SAVE MART SELECT RETIREE			
	SAVE MART SELECT RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN,			
25 26 27	SAVE MART SELECT RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN,			
25 26	SAVE MART SELECT RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN,			

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INTRODUCTION

1. This case seeks redress for breaches of fiduciary duty by Defendant Save Mart 2 Supermarkets ("Save Mart" or "Defendant") with respect to the Save Mart Select Retiree Health 3 Benefit Plan (the "Plan") and for Save Mart's failure to comply with the Plan terms for 4 terminating a benefit program under the Plan. Save Mart repeatedly represented to Named 5 Plaintiffs Katherine Baker, Jose Luna, Edgar Popke, and Denny G. Wraske, Jr. ("Plaintiffs"), and 6 all other similarly situated Class members, that the company would provide non-union retirees 7 with medical benefits as good or better than their union counterparts, and that the retiree medical 8 9 benefits would be provided to any eligible non-union retiree and their spouse for the life of the retiree. Save Mart made these representations consistently up until the company announced in 10 April 2022 that it was ending the non-union retiree medical benefit effective June 30, 2022. 11 These representations were false and misleading because they obscured that the Plan could in fact 12 be eliminated at any time, and that Save Mart did in fact intend to (and did) eliminate the Plan as 13 a cost-saving measure when that became advantageous to Save Mart, which occurred 14 immediately upon Save Mart's acquisition by a private equity firm from the family that had 15 owned the company since its founding 70 years ago. 16

2. Save Mart's motive for misrepresenting the terms and value of the Plan was 17 simple: to save money, suppress union activity, and induce Plaintiffs and the Class to work for 18 Save Mart long enough to qualify for retiree medical benefits. Save Mart repeatedly and 19 successfully used the medical benefits provided by the Plan to persuade employees not to join the 20 United Food and Commercial Workers (UFCW)-a union that represented many grocery workers 21 including at certain Save Mart stores during the relevant period—and to instead work in positions 22 that were not covered by the UFCW's collective bargaining. Specifically, Save Mart touted the 23 company's non-union retiree medical benefits as superior or equal to the benefits workers could 24 obtain through union employment. As explained in detail below, this representation was made 25 numerous times over a period of many years by Save Mart's Human Resources (HR) and 26 executive level employees in group and individual meetings with workers. According to former 27 Vice President of HR Wendy Kennedy, "[t]hese statements were made so regularly by 28

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1 management, supervisors, and Human Resources personnel that it was commonly understood and 2 repeated by and amongst Save Mart employees." Decl. of Wendy Kennedy ("Kennedy Decl."), 3 submitted herewith, ¶ 12. This message was also expressly set forth in written materials that were 4 disseminated to employees to persuade those employees to vote no to unionization in their stores; 5 for example a pamphlet entitled "Save Mart Answers Your Questions About Unions" was given 6 to Plaintiff Jose Luna, and it states: "your benefits are already better, or equal to, the benefits in a 7 union store." Exhibit A, submitted herewith. Save Mart also distributed a pamphlet entitled 8 "Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits" to each employee on an annual basis, which states that retiree 9 medical coverage ends "upon the death of the retiree." Exhibit B, submitted herewith.

10 3. These representations were false. In reality, the UFCW's collective bargaining 11 agreement—which Save Mart is a party to—provided for, and continues to provide for, retiree 12 medical benefits to union retirees that were and are more secure than those offered by the Plan. 13 Unlike benefits provided by the Plan, the terms of the union's retiree medical benefit program do 14 not permit Save Mart to eliminate the benefits at its own discretion. Unlike the benefits provided 15 by the Plan, the money that funds the union benefits is held by a trust and can only be used for 16 purposes of providing benefits, and it cannot be taken back by Save Mart. Unlike the Plan, the 17 union retiree medical benefits are sponsored by a joint labor-management board of trustees that 18 ensures employee representatives have equal representation and negotiation leverage in the 19 decisions that are made around how benefits will be provided. Crucially, unlike the Plan, the only 20 process that could result in elimination of the union benefits is collective bargaining. By contrast, 21 the Plan's non-union benefits could be eliminated on the company's whim and were eliminated as 22 soon as the company was acquired by new owners, who were eager to turn a quick profit on their 23 investment.

4. Thus, Save Mart's representations to its workers that it would provide benefits as
good or better than the union's benefits were false. Save Mart's retiree medical benefits for nonunion employees were in fact far less secure and allowed Save Mart to eliminate the benefits at
any time, at Save Mart's sole discretion. Put simply, Save Mart made false assurances about the
Plan's benefits as a means of suppressing union enrollment among Save Mart employees. When

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1 Save Mart functionally ended retiree medical benefits for non-union employees in June 2022, 2 Save Mart's non-union employees—including Plaintiffs and other Class members—no longer had 3 any form of retiree medical benefits, while Save Mart's UFCW employees continue to enjoy 4 those benefits. Save Mart's misrepresentations therefore harmed Plaintiffs and the Class by 5 inducing them to continue working for Save Mart as long as it took to become eligible for 6 benefits under the Plan instead of other employment opportunities in order to secure retiree 7 medical benefits for themselves and their spouses that have now been taken away, preventing 8 them from adequately planning for and saving for their retirements because they relied on the 9 availability of this valuable benefit.

5. Save Mart compounded these misrepresentations when it amended the Plan for
 2016, by leveraging the non-union medical benefits to save costs for the company. Specifically,
 Save Mart told retirement-eligible employees that if they did not retire on or before December 31,
 2017, then they would lose the Plan's medical benefits for their spouses. This representation
 caused Plaintiffs, as well as numerous other Class members, to retire earlier than they otherwise
 would have in order to retain the spousal benefit for life.

16 6. Plaintiffs and the Class are dedicated, loyal, and long-time Save Mart employees. 17 Plaintiff Baker worked for Save Mart for 28 years; Plaintiff Luna for 33 years; Plaintiff Popke for 18 39 years; and Plaintiff Wraske for 46 years. Indeed, in order to be eligible to participate in the 19 Plan, an employee had to meet one of the following service requirements: (a) age 55 with 30 20 years of service; (b) age 60 with 15 years of service; (c) age 65 with ten years of service; or (d) 21 the "Golden 85," whereby years of service plus age equals or exceeds 85. Thus, Plaintiffs and the 22 Class dedicated their entire careers, or major portions thereof, to Save Mart in return for the 23 promise of the Plan's benefits upon retirement, including the medical benefits. Save Mart 24 induced Plaintiffs and the Class to remain employed at Save Mart these many years by 25 misrepresenting that upon retirement, the medical benefits would be theirs for the duration of 26 their lives.

27 7. Subsequent to the filing of Plaintiffs' initial and first amended complaints,
28 Plaintiffs have learned, through the discovery process, that Save Mart did not terminate the HRA

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benefit program in compliance with the governing Plan terms for terminating a benefit program.As alleged in detail herein, *infra*, this gives rise to additional claims by Plaintiffs and theproposed Class that are asserted for the first time in this Second Amended Complaint.

- 4 8. Absent legal recourse, these long-time employees will be forced to pay for medical 5 care and health insurance entirely on their own for the rest of their lives at significant cost—a cost 6 they had not prepared for, given Save Mart's repeated representations that their decades of loyalty 7 to the company had resulted in a lifetime medical benefit. To deny them legal recourse would be 8 to reward Save Mart's breach of the trust Plaintiffs and the Class placed in Save Mart over the 9 course of their life-long dedication to the company's success. Further, Plaintiffs and the Class 10 lost all of the unused money that they had accumulated in their Health Reimbursement 11 Arrangement ("HRA") benefit accounts as of June 2022, which for many Class members was in 12 the tens-of-thousands of dollars. Thus, in eliminating the HRA benefit program, Save Mart not 13 only broke faith with its most dedicated employees by eliminating their medical benefits going 14 forward, it also realized ill-gotten savings of millions of dollars in existing liability that Plaintiffs 15 and Class members had intended to use towards health insurance premiums and to reimburse 16 medical expenses, based on the amounts that had already accrued in their accounts. Through this 17 action, Plaintiffs and the Class seek to prevent these unlawful and unjust results.
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JURISDICTION

Plaintiffs bring this action for declaratory, injunctive, and monetary relief pursuant
 to sections 502(a)(3) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"), 29
 U.S.C. § 1132 (a)(3). This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over Plaintiffs' claim pursuant to
 ERISA § 502(e) and (f), 29 U.S.C. § 1132(e) and (f), and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.

VENUE

24 10. Venue lies in the Northern District of California pursuant to ERISA § 502(e)(2),
25 29 U.S.C. § 1132(e)(2), because the breaches alleged occurred in this District, and the ERISA26 governed plan at issue was administered in this District.

27 11. Venue is also proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because a substantial part of
28 the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiffs' claim occurred within this District. Save Mart

operates dozens of stores in this District. Plaintiff Baker currently resides, and did reside for the
entire course of her career, in this District and received Plan benefits in this District. Plaintiffs
Wraske, Popke and Baker all lived and worked in this District while accumulating the service
credits necessary to become eligible for benefits under the Plan. Save Mart frequently transferred
its employees into and within this District, including Plaintiffs Wraske and Popke.

6

PARTIES

7 12. At all relevant times, Plaintiff Katherine Baker was a participant in the Plan within 8 the meaning of ERISA § 3(7), 29 U.S.C. § 1002(7). Ms. Baker began working for Save Mart in 9 1989 when Save Mart purchased Fry's Food Stores, where Ms. Baker had been working since 10 1977. Ms. Baker continued working at Save Mart until 2017, during which time she obtained the 11 age and service requirements necessary to become eligible for benefits under the Plan, including 12 participation in the HRA benefit program for herself and her spouse. Ms. Baker retired from 13 Save Mart in 2017 specifically to lock in the HRA benefit for her spouse. She was 57 years old at 14 the time, and had not planned on retiring until at least 2023.

15 13. At all relevant times, Plaintiff Jose Luna was a participant in the Plan within the
meaning of ERISA § 3(7), 29 U.S.C. § 1002(7). Mr. Luna worked for Save Mart from 1984 to
2017, during which time he obtained the age and service requirements necessary to become
eligible for benefits under the Plan, including participation in the HRA benefit program for
himself and his spouse. Mr. Luna retired from Save Mart in 2017 specifically to lock in the HRA
benefit for his spouse. He was 53 years old at the time, and had not planned on retiring until at
least 2023.

14. At all relevant times, Plaintiff Edgar Popke was a participant in the Plan within the
meaning of ERISA § 3(7), 29 U.S.C. § 1002(7). Mr. Popke worked for Save Mart from 1978 to
2017, during which time he obtained the age and service requirements necessary to become
eligible for benefits under the Plan, including participation in the HRA benefit program for
himself and his spouse. Mr. Popke retired from Save Mart in 2017 specifically to lock in the
HRA benefit for his spouse. He was 56 years old at the time, and had not planned on retiring
until at least 2023.

15. 1 At all relevant times, Plaintiff Denny G. Wraske, Jr. was a participant in the Plan 2 within the meaning of ERISA § 3(7), 29 U.S.C. § 1002(7). Mr. Wraske worked for Save Mart 3 from 1971 to 2017, during which time he obtained the age and service requirements necessary to 4 become eligible for benefits under the Plan, including participation in the HRA benefit program 5 for himself and his spouse. Mr. Wraske retired from Save Mart in 2017 specifically to lock in the 6 HRA benefit for his spouse. He was 64 years old at the time, and had not planned on retiring 7 until at least 2020. 8 16. Defendant Save Mart is a grocery store operator headquartered in Modesto, 9 California. At all relevant times, the Plan was an employee welfare benefit plan within the 10 meaning of ERISA § 3(1), 29 U.S.C. § 1002(1). At all relevant times, Save Mart was the Plan 11 administrator within the meaning of ERISA § 3(16), 29 U.S.C. § 1002(16)(A)(i), the Plan sponsor 12 within the meaning of ERISA § 3(16), 29 U.S.C. § 1002(16)(B), and a fiduciary of the Plan 13 within the meaning of ERISA § 3(21), 29 U.S.C. § 1002(21). 14 17. Defendant Save Mart Select Retiree Health Plan is an employee welfare benefit

plan within the meaning of ERISA § 3(1), 29 U.S.C. § 1002(1). At all relevant times the Plan
required Save Mart to make HRA contributions to Plaintiffs and the Class.

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FACTS

18 18. Save Mart is the largest regional grocer in California, operating over 200 stores
across northern and central California and western Nevada. Save Mart employs tens of thousands
of people and generates billions of dollars in annual revenue.

19. Save Mart employees receive different benefits from the company depending on
 whether they are union members or non-union employees. Most of the union employees receive
 benefits through the UFCW & Employers Trust pursuant to collective bargaining agreements.
 Non-union employees receive benefits pursuant to the terms of benefit plans adopted by Save
 Mart, governed by the terms of the benefit plans Save Mart has chosen to establish.

26 20. The Save Mart Select Retiree Health Benefit Plan, referred to herein as the Plan, is
27 one of the benefit plans adopted by Save Mart for its non-union employees. It provides health
28 care benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. At all relevant times, the Plan provided for

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a substantial medical benefit for retirees and their spouses, whether in the form of an HRA plan or 2 payment of insurance premiums.

- 3 21. From the Plan's inception until the end of 2015, the Plan provided group medical 4 benefits to retirees and their dependents and contributed toward the premiums for that coverage. 5 Starting in 2016, Save Mart modified the Plan to provide funding to a Health Reimbursement 6 Account in lieu of premium contributions, referred to herein as the HRA benefit. The HRA 7 benefit was a monthly \$500 contribution to a health reimbursement account for each eligible 8 retiree and an additional \$500 for their spouse (or \$300, respectively, after age 65). The retiree 9 and spouse could use the money accrued in their HRA account to pay for qualified medical 10 expenses, including paying premiums for individual health insurance coverage that retirees purchased for themselves and their spouses. Under the terms of the Plan, the monthly 11 12 contributions for each retiree and spouse accumulated until they were used for qualified medical 13 expenses. Members of Save Mart's HR Department communicated to employees that this benefit 14 "could accumulate up until the retiree's death, [] could not be taken away, and that there was no 15 deadline by which the amounts in the employee's HRA needed to be used prior to the death of the 16 retiree." Decl. of Valerie Vallo ("Vallo Decl."), submitted herewith, ¶ 16.
- 17 22. At all times pertinent to this case, Save Mart UFCW-member employees received 18 retiree medical benefits based on similar eligibility criteria to the Plan. UFCW retirees continue 19 to receive those benefits to this day, and unlike the benefits provided by the Plan, those retiree 20 medical benefits cannot be taken away at Save Mart's discretion.
- 21 23. The terms of the Plan and the Plan's Summary Plan Description stated that Save 22 Mart "has the right to modify or terminate the Plan at any time for any reason." However, Save 23 Mart consistently and repeatedly misrepresented the meaning of this term to its employees.
- 24 Specifically, it consistently and repeatedly told employees that—like the union benefits—retirees 25 and their spouses would keep their retirement benefits provided by the Plan until the death of the 26 retiree. Save Mart made this misrepresentation both orally and in writing.
- 27 24. Save Mart made repeated oral misrepresentations about the terms of the Plan to 28 Plaintiffs, to existing employees, to potential recruits, and to the employees of stores that Save

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Mart acquired over the years, in order to convince them not to join the union. Any time a new store opened or the union started to organize at an existing store, Save Mart sent a senior executive and an HR employee or employees to that store to meet with the employees. In these meetings, the HR representative(s) and company executive were trained to communicate that employees should not pay dues to join the union, since the non-union benefits—including retirement benefits—would always be as good as or better than the benefits enjoyed by union employees.

8 25. This understanding of the Plan emanated from the very top of the company. 9 Wendy Kennedy served as Save Mart's Vice President of HR in the early 2000s. Kennedy Decl. 10 ¶ 3. In that role, Ms. Kennedy "oversaw the entire Human Resources Department, including 11 payroll, benefits, recruiting, hiring, employee relations, and training." Id. ¶ 5. "All Human Resources employees ultimately reported to [her]," and she in turn "reported directly to Mike 12 13 Silveira, the Senior Vice President of Human Resources." Id. With respect to retirement 14 benefits, Ms. Kennedy's "job duties included participating in meetings with Human Resources 15 personnel including the Benefits Manager as well as Store Managers, Division Supervisors, and 16 other employees about these benefits." Id. ¶ 8. Ms. Kennedy confirms that "Save Mart 17 leadership reassured employees coming from union stores that non-union benefits would be as 18 good as or better than the union's," *id.* \P 12, and that she "always understood that Save Mart 19 would provide eligible non-union retirees with health care benefits . . . for the duration of their lives," *id*. ¶ 8. 20

21 26. In her role as Vice President of HR, Ms. Kennedy "conveyed this understanding to 22 the rest of the Human Resources personnel because [she] believed it to be true." Kennedy Decl. ¶ 23 10. Ms. Kennedy therefore "directed the personnel on [her] Human Resources Department team 24 to disseminate this message and they did so." Id. \P 14. Those personnel would in turn 25 communicate that understanding to other Save Mart employees. For example, Kit Tharp explains 26 that in her role as a member of Save Mart's HR Department, one of her "primary job duties" was 27 "pitching how generous the non-union benefits packages were and specifically that they were as 28 good or better than the union benefits." Decl. of Kathleen Tharp ("Tharp Decl."), submitted

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herewith, ¶¶ 4-5. Ms. Tharp received the instruction to deliver this message from Save Mart 1 2 executives, including Director of HR Jerry Sauer, Director of HR Steve Goodman, and Vice 3 President of HR Mike Silveira. Id. Ms. Tharp also received this instruction in "training that [she] 4 received when [she] joined Save Mart and over the course of [her] employment there," and on the 5 basis of this training she "always understood that Save Mart would provide eligible non-union retirees with health care benefits for the duration of their lives." Id. ¶9. Indeed, "[i]n nearly 30 6 7 years of working in the Human Resources Department at Save Mart, no one ever told [Ms. Tharp] 8 that the company could decide to eliminate [a] retiree's health benefits or mentioned any sort of 9 end date." Id. ¶ 15. Ms. Tharp therefore confidently delivered the message to Save Mart 10 employees that the Plan's medical benefits were guaranteed for life at orientations for new store 11 openings as well as in meetings with new hires or transferring employees. Id. \P 6.

12 27. At new store openings—which Ms. Tharp participated in between six and ten 13 times per year—she was joined in delivering this message by a Vice President of HR, a Division 14 Supervisor, a Store Manager, a Training Manager, and/or a HR Benefits Department Manager. 15 Tharp Decl. ¶ 6. When a new store opened, it was not part of a union and would unionize only if 16 the employees later voted to unionize. New stores were staffed by both new employees and 17 employees transferring from an existing Save Mart location. When existing employees who were 18 union members at their prior location expressed concern about losing their union benefits, they 19 were repeatedly assured "not to worry" because "their benefits would be as good or better than 20 the union's." Id. \P 7. In reassuring these existing employees, Ms. That recalls believing that 21 "Save Mart intended to take care of eligible non-union retirees for life because . . . the union 22 benefits [were] for life and the non-union benefits were promised to be as good or better." Id. 23 Similarly, Ms. Kennedy recalls multiple employee rallies at which owner Bob Piccinini told 24 employees that they were "a family." Kennedy Decl. ¶ 7. It was her "true understanding" that 25 "non-union retiree health benefits would always be as good or better than the union's," id. ¶ 15, and that "lifetime benefits" were a "key pillar" of the promise that Bob Piccinini would take care 26 27 of the Save Mart family, *id*. ¶ 7.

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28. When Save Mart received reports that a store may be unionizing, it deployed HR

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1 professionals to "tout the generousness of the benefits package and reiterate that the non-union benefits were always as good or better than the union benefits." Tharp Decl. ¶ 8. For example, 2 3 Valerie Vallo recalls that an "important part of her role" as Manager of Employee Relations "was visiting stores to discuss the advantages to employees of stores remaining non-unionized, by 4 5 talking about how generous the employee benefits were for non-union employees." Vallo Decl. 5. Internally, these meetings were referred to as "the roadshow" or "kumbaya" meetings because 6 7 "the purpose was to foster harmony amongst the employees by reassuring them about their 8 benefits and quelling any desires to give up those benefits" by unionizing. *Id.* As with Ms. 9 Tharp, Ms. Vallo had been trained by Save Mart to understand and communicate "that Save Mart 10 would provide eligible non-union retirees with health care benefits for the duration of their lives." 11 Id. ¶ 6. In addition to receiving this message at "training that [she] received when [she] joined Save Mart and over the course of [her] employment there," id., Ms. Vallo recalls being told by 12 13 Save Mart's Vice President of HR, John Bacon, to deliver this message to employees, *id.* ¶ 10. 14 The message worked: many Save Mart stores remained non-union "because the employees 15 wanted to retain the benefits promised to non-unionized staff." Id. ¶ 10. Ms. Kennedy likewise 16 recalls that Save Mart's anti-union messaging "was very effective and convincing to employees, 17 and many Save Mart stores remained non-union because employees understood that their benefits 18 would always be as good or better than the union's." Kennedy Decl. ¶ 13.

19 29. Save Mart also misrepresented the terms of the Plan to employees in writing. In
20 various descriptions of the Plan that Save Mart disseminated to employees over the years, it told
21 employees that they would be covered under the Plan until they died.

- 30. For example, Save Mart sent a pamphlet entitled "Save Mart Select Retiree
 Benefits" to each employee on an annual basis. Exhibit B; Vallo Decl. ¶ 15; Tharp Decl. ¶ 12.
 That pamphlet specifically stated that retiree medical coverage ends "[u]pon the death of the
 retiree," as shown in the screenshot below:
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- 27
- 28

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1	WHEN COVERAGE ENDS
	Upon non-receipt of your monthly premium contribution payment by the payment due date.
	• Upon the death of the retiree.
	• Spousal coverage ends upon divorce from or death of the retiree. Domestic partner coverage ends upon termination of the domestic partnership or death of the retiree. Spouses only may be eligible to extend medical plan coverage upon death or divorce under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA).
	31. Save Mart's HR professionals relied on this document to explain retirement
b	enefits to Save Mart employees. Tharp Decl. ¶ 12; Vallo Decl. ¶ 15. Ms. Tharp and Ms. Vallo
"	understood this to mean that benefits would last until the retiree died." Id. Accordingly, when
e	mployees asked HR about the HRA plan, they were told "that this provision meant the benefit
V	vould last for the duration of the retiree's life." Id.
	32. Save Mart made similar written misrepresentations of the Plan in a document
e	ntitled "Save Mart Supermarkets 2010 Retiree Health Plan Highlights." Exhibit C. This
d	ocument, also, told employees that the medical benefit would last until the death of the retiree,
a	s shown in the screenshot below:
	When Coverage Ends
	 Upon the death of the retiree Spousal coverage ends upon divorce from or death of the retiree. Spouses may be eligible to
	 Spousal coverage ends upon divorce from of death of the retired. Spouses may be engine to extend medical plan coverage upon death or divorce under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget
	Reconciliation Act (COBRA).
	33. Upon information and belief, discovery will show many more written
n	nisrepresentations of the Plan informing employees that the retiree medical benefits they worked
s	o hard to secure would be theirs for the duration of their lives. None of these written materials
iı	nformed employees that the governing Plan documents stated that Save Mart retained the
d	liscretion to terminate the Plan and any of its component benefits at any time, including
r	etroactively. Indeed, Ms. Kennedy confirms that in her years as Vice President of HR, she
"	oversaw the dissemination" of "booklets, pamphlets, letters, and other documents describing
n	on-union retiree health benefits to employees," and does "not recall ever seeing mention in any

28 of these documents that Save Mart reserved the right to terminate these benefits." Kennedy Decl.

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Plaintiffs and their beneficiaries, and hundreds or thousands of similarly situated 34. people, made employment decisions and planned the financial details of their retirements, 4 including vitally important decisions like how long they would work before retirement, based on Save Mart's misrepresentations about the duration of the retiree medical benefits, which they reasonably believed would last for the rest of their lives based on Save Mart's direct 6 misrepresentations that they would.

8 35. At the time of the 2016 Plan amendment implementing the HRA benefit program 9 for non-union employees, Save Mart told retirement-eligible employees that if they retired before 10 December 31, 2017, they would be able to retain the HRA benefit for their spouses, but that the 11 spousal benefit would not be available to employees who retired after this date. The purpose of 12 this feature of the amendment was to persuade eligible employees to retire because Save Mart had 13 concluded that their retirements were in the best economic interests of the company, and in so 14 doing Save Mart acted against the best interests of their employees and potential Plan 15 participants. The HR professionals charged with communicating this change to Save Mart 16 employees and with fielding any questions about the amendment understood that the purpose of 17 the change was to drive up retirement numbers. Vallo Decl. ¶ 12. These employees were also 18 trained to communicate that the new "HRA benefit would belong to an employee until they died." 19 *Id.* ¶ 14.

20 36. In connection with this announcement, Plaintiffs and other similarly situated 21 employees spoke with HR employees who were specifically tasked by Save Mart to communicate 22 information about retiree medical benefits. HR told them that by retiring by December 31, 2017, 23 they would retain the HRA benefit for them and their spouses for life.

24 37. Plaintiffs and numerous other similarly situated employees retired earlier than they 25 were planning to, on the basis of Save Mart's misrepresentation that they would retain the HRA 26 benefit for life for them and their spouses if they retired by December 31, 2017.

27 38. Save Mart's representations that the HRA benefit would continue for life were 28 false and misleading. The terms of the Plan allowed Save Mart to terminate the program at any time, including for employees who retired before December 31, 2017.

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39. 2 In March 2022 a private equity firm called Kingswood Capital Management LP 3 acquired Save Mart from the family that had owned it since its founding 70 years prior. The new 4 owners *immediately* took action to eliminate the non-union benefits that Save Mart had so long 5 promised would be as good or better than the union's and would last for life. On April 2022, 6 Save Mart announced that it was eliminating the HRA benefit entirely as of June 2022, which 7 eliminated all retiree medical benefits for non-union retirees. Plan participants were told that they 8 had until June 2022 to incur covered medical expenses that would be paid for by the funds 9 accumulated in their HRA accounts. After June 2022, no further medical expenses would be 10 covered, and all funds accumulated in the HRA accounts would revert to Save Mart. The 11 decision to eliminate the HRA benefit and reclaim the accrued funds from employee accounts has 12 saved Save Mart's new owners tens of millions of dollars to date and will amount to potentially 13 hundreds of millions of dollars over the lifetimes of the eligible retirees in the Class.

14 40. This abrupt change in policy shocked not only Plaintiffs, but also the HR 15 professionals who had been communicating to employees for years that the Plan's medical 16 benefits were guaranteed for life and had themselves relied upon this lifetime guarantee in 17 making personal employment decisions. For example, Ms. Tharp had "counted on" receiving the 18 benefits for both herself and her spouse until she died, and was therefore "shocked when [she] 19 received notice from the company that it was terminating these benefits." Tharp Decl. ¶ 17. As 20 was the case for Plaintiffs and many other Save Mart employees, Ms. Tharp "had chosen to 21 continue [her] employment at Save Mart for so many years specifically because of the promise of 22 retiree medical benefits," and "would not have retired in 2015 had [she] believed Save Mart could 23 terminate the HRA benefit." Id. ¶¶ 17-18. Similarly, Ms. Vallo had retired early in 2017 in direct 24 response to Save Mart's promise that early retirees could preserve the Plan's medical benefits for 25 themselves and their spouses for life, as her husband had just undergone two major surgeries and 26 it was a top priority for her to preserve his medical benefits. Vallo Decl. ¶ 19. She, too, "was 27 shocked when [she] received notice in April 2022 from the company that it was terminating these 28 benefits," as this was "not something that [she] ever thought could happen" and she "would not

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1 have retired in 2017 had [she] believed Save Mart could terminate the HRA benefit." *Id.*

- 41. As a direct and proximate result of Save Mart's misrepresentations regarding the
 duration of the HRA benefit, Plaintiffs and a similarly situated class of retirees and their
 beneficiaries were harmed in the form of lost retiree health benefits.
- 5 42. Save Mart's actions in ceasing HRA contributions and dismantling the HRA
 6 benefit program in 2022 were not in compliance with the terms of the Plan.

7 43. The terms of the Plan state that: "The Company reserves the right to terminate the
8 Plan or any Benefit Program at any time as designated by a written instrument adopted by the
9 Board of Directors or its designee and duly executed on behalf of the Company."

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44. The HRA benefit was a "Benefit Program" within the meaning of the Plan.

45. Subsequent to the filing of their initial and first amended complaints Plaintiffs
 have learned through discovery that there is no "written instrument adopted by the Board of
 Directors or its designee and duly executed on behalf of the Company" terminating the HRA
 benefit program.

15 46. Save Mart was required by law to comply with the procedures and requirements 16 set forth in the Plan document when terminating the HRA benefit program. Because Save Mart 17 did not do that with respect to the HRA benefit program, the program should still be operational: 18 participants should have received HRA contributions continuously from July 2022 to the present, 19 participants should have been able to continue to utilize accrued amounts in their HRA on 20 qualified medical expenses, and employees who retired between April 2022 and the present, and 21 who satisfied the eligibility requirements, should have been permitted to become participants in the Plan. 22

47. Out of an abundance of caution, coincident with the filing of Plaintiffs' motion for
leave to amend the complaint, Plaintiffs initiated the Plan's administrative claim process and
submitted claims for benefits under the terms of the Plan to Save Mart in its capacity as Plan
Administrator, through Save Mart's counsel in this litigation. As of this filing Save Mart has not
responded to Plaintiffs' claims. Because Save Mart has clearly stated its position that it was
entitled to terminate the program and did lawfully terminate the program, and in fact has already

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1	dismantled the infrastructure necessary to administer the program and has not made any		
2	contributions or paid any claims out of the program since 2022, Plaintiffs believe that exhaustion		
3	of their administrative remedies with respect to this claim is futile.		
4	48. As a direct and proximate result of Save Mart's failure to comply with the Plan's		
5	procedures for terminating a benefit program, Plaintiffs and a proposed class of similarly situated		
6	retirees and their beneficiaries have been denied monthly HRA contributions that they were		
7	entitled to receive, along with reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their HRA		
8	accounts, from June 2022 continuing through to the present and into the future.		
9	RULE 23 ALLEGATIONS		
10	49. Plaintiffs bring this action as a proposed class action on behalf of themselves and a		
11	Class of those similarly situated.		
12	50. The proposed Class is all people who were participants in the Plan as of June 30,		
13	2022, and all people who retired and met the eligibility criteria to become participants in the Plan		
14	at any time between April 22, 2022 and the resolution of this action.		
15	51. The proposed Class is numerous, consisting of hundreds of people, such that		
16	joinder is impractical.		
17	52. There are questions of law and fact common to the Class, including but not limited		
18	to:		
19	a. Whether Save Mart complied with the Plan terms governing termination of		
20	benefit programs when it purported to eliminate the HRA benefit program in 2022?		
21	b. Whether Plaintiffs and the Class are entitled to relief under ERISA §		
22	502(a)(1)(B), 29 U.S.C. § 1132(a)(1)(B) based on Save Mart's failure to properly terminate the		
23	HRA benefit program?		
24	c. Whether Plaintiffs and the Class are entitled to equitable relief, in the form		
25	of equitable surcharge, injunction, or other appropriate equitable relief under ERISA § 502(a)(3)		
26	because of Save Mart's failure to properly terminate the HRA benefit program?		
27	d. Whether Save Mart misrepresented the terms of the retiree medical benefit		
28	to Class members?		

e. Whether such misrepresentations constituted breaches of fiduciary duty			
under ERISA § 401(a)(1)(A)-(B)?			
f. Whether Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to equitable surcharge or other			
monetary relief to make them whole for Save Mart's breaches of fiduciary duty?			
g. Whether Plaintiffs and the Class are entitled to equitable relief to reform			
the terms of the Plan to make those terms consistent with the representations Save Mart made			
about the Plan benefits?			
53. These common questions of law and fact predominate over any relevant individual			
issues.			
54. Plaintiffs are members of the Class, and have claims typical of the Class.			
55. Plaintiffs are adequate class representatives, and have secured counsel experienced			
in the prosecution of claims under ERISA and class actions.			
ALLEGATIONS OF NAMED PLAINTIFFS			
Plaintiff Katherine Baker			
56. Plaintiff Baker began her career in 1977, at the age of eighteen, as a Bagger at a			
Fry's store in Fremont, California. She worked in various positions until she was promoted to			
Store Manager in 1988. At all times at Fry's, her position was union.			
57. Save Mart purchased Fry's in 1989, and Ms. Baker became a Save Mart employee.			
Her years of service and her union status were preserved with the acquisition. However, in			
approximately 1991 Ms. Baker's boss, Dennis Nutson, told her that if she wanted to remain a			
Store Manager with Save Mart, she would have to give up her union status. Because of the			
medical needs of her family, Ms. Baker was especially concerned about preserving her medical			
benefits. Mr. Nutson assured her that as a non-union manager, her benefits would always be as			
good as or better than the union's benefits. On the basis of this representation, Ms. Baker decided			
to remain in management and give up her union status.			
58. Ms. Baker worked in Fremont, California until approximately 1993, when she			
moved to manage a store in San José, California. In approximately 1994, she was promoted to			
General Merchandise Supervisor for the Bay Area. In approximately 2001, she was promoted to			

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Grocery Supervisor for the Bay Area. In approximately 2006, Ms. Baker was promoted to Senior
 Director of Operations, based out of Dublin, California but with responsibility for the greater Bay
 Area. She remained in this position until her retirement in October, 2017.

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59. Over the years, Ms. Baker observed Save Mart's efforts to defeat the union from representing additional stores. One common theme that she heard repeatedly from Save Mart representatives was that there was no need to join the union, because non-union employees' benefits would always be as good as or better than the union's benefits.

60. Ms. Baker received a version of the "Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits" pamphlet
on one or more occasions that contained the language: "WHEN COVERAGE ENDS:...Upon the
Death of the Retiree." Exhibit B. Ms. Baker understood this to mean that provided she met the
eligibility requirements for retirement, she would receive retirement health benefits for the
duration of her life.

61. Ms. Baker participated in meetings with the non-union employees whom she
supervised in which it was clear that the retirement benefits really mattered to these employees,
particularly the store managers, and that the understanding on the part of the employees was that
as long as one met the eligibility requirements, they would retain the retiree medical benefits for
life. As their supervisor, Ms. Baker reinforced this understanding because she also understood
that the benefits were intended to be for life and would always be as good or better than the
union's.

20 62. Throughout Ms. Baker's tenure at Save Mart, she worked long hours and six-day
21 weeks, as well as numerous holidays. This was the expectation communicated by Save Mart
22 executives, management, and owner Bob Piccinini. As a salaried worker, Ms. Baker was not
23 compensated by way of added hourly earnings for the heavy workload, but the message from
24 Save Mart was that workers would be rewarded for their years of dedicated service, hard work,
25 and sacrifice with generous retirement benefits, including retiree health care benefits, for the rest
26 of their lives.

27 63. Ms. Baker was never told by anyone at Save Mart, nor did she ever see or read
28 anything in writing stating or suggesting that the non-union retiree benefits could be terminated.

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At all trainings, meetings, and presentations in which she participated or attended, the consistent
 message was that non-union retiree benefits were for life and would be as good or better than the
 union's.

64. In approximately 2017, Ms. Baker received a letter from Save Mart advising her of
her eligibility for retirement, and notifying her that if she retired by December 31, 2017, both she
and her spouse would receive the HRA benefit, but if she did not, her spouse would lose his
benefit. She was fifty-seven years old with forty years of service. Ms. Baker believed the terms
of the letter were cut-and-dry: that if she retired by the deadline, she and her spouse would both
receive the HRA benefit until she died.

10 65. Ms. Baker attended a presentation by HR about this letter and the HRA changes
11 for all the non-union employees from the twenty-eight stores that Ms. Baker supervised. The
12 employees had many questions about the HRA changes. The message from the HR
13 representative was that provided one met the eligibility requirements and retired by December 31,
14 2017, then the HRA benefit and spousal benefit would last for the life of the retiree.

15 66. Ms. Baker had planned to work until the age of at least sixty-five, and those years
16 of income figured prominently in her family's retirement planning. However, she did not want to
17 lose the HRA benefit for her spouse, knowing that medical care is especially important and costly
18 as one ages.

19 67. In reliance on Save Mart's written and verbal representations that the HRA benefit
20 for her and her spouse would continue for the duration of her life, Ms. Baker decided to retire
21 early to keep the spousal benefit, and retired effective October 2017 at the age of fifty-seven.

- 22 68. Save Mart's termination of the HRA benefit will cost Ms. Baker tens-of-thousands
 23 of dollars over the duration of her life.
- 24

Plaintiff Jose Luna

Plaintiff Luna began his lifelong career with Save Mart in 1984, at age twenty-one,
as a Cashier in Tracy, California. The store that he joined was one of the few non-unionized Save
Mart stores, and the company was working hard to keep it that way. When Mr. Luna joined, the
recruiters told him that as a non-union employee his benefits would be as good as or better than

1 the union's benefits.

70. Within two years, Mr. Luna worked his way up to a Head Clerk position. In 1989,
he was promoted to Assistant Store Manager and moved to a store in Turlock, California. The
store was unionized but management positions were not included in the union. At the time of his
promotion, Save Mart again reassured Mr. Luna that his benefits as a non-union employee would
be as good as or better than the union's benefits.

7 71. Mr. Luna became a Store Manager in 1993 in Modesto, California. From that time 8 until his retirement in December 2017, Mr. Luna worked as a Store Manager of unionized Save 9 Mart stores, though he was ineligible to join the union due to his management position. 10 Throughout that period of time, Mr. Luna heard many times that benefits for non-union 11 management positions would be as good as or better than the union's. For example, from 12 approximately 1993 until 2017, Mr. Luna attended regular, monthly meetings at John's Incredible 13 Pizza in Modesto. The meetings were for store managers in the Northern District, and sometimes 14 assistant store managers attended as well. If there was a change in benefits, a representative of the 15 benefits department would attend to discuss it. HR representatives who attended these meetings 16 over the years included Beth Fugate, Wendy Kennedy, Valerie Vallo, Kit Tharp, and Vickie Del 17 Rey. These HR representatives consistently said during these meetings that the store managers 18 and assistant store managers (both non-union positions) would always have retirement benefits as good as or better than the union's. 19

20 72. Mr. Luna attended a meeting for store managers and assistant store managers in
21 approximately 2010 or 2011 at a local brewery in Turlock called The Dustbowl. HR
22 representative Beth Fugate was present at the meeting to discuss retiree benefits. Ms. Fugate
23 described the retiree health benefits as lasting for the life of the retiree.

In 2015, through his combination of age (then fifty-three) and years of service
(thirty-two), Mr. Luna met the "Golden 85" rule making him eligible for retirement. He received
a letter from Save Mart advising him of his eligibility, and notifying him that if he retired by
December 31, 2017, both he and his spouse would receive the HRA benefit, but if he did not, his
spouse would lose her benefit.

1	74. Mr. Luna was extremely torn by this decision. On the one hand, he had planned to			
2	work until the age of at least sixty-two, and those years of income figured prominently in his			
3	family's retirement planning. Also, management had just offered him a new position in a store			
4	that was projected to bring large bonuses. On the other hand, he did not want to lose the HRA			
5	benefit for his spouse, knowing that medical care is especially important and costly as one ages.			
6	In 2017, he spoke with Valerie Vallo in Save Mart's HR department to ask questions about his			
7	retirement benefits to help him make this critical decision. Ms. Vallo told him that as long as he			
8	retired by December 31, 2017, both he and his spouse would keep their HRA benefit for the			
9	duration of Mr. Luna's life.			
10	75. In reliance on Save Mart's written and verbal representations that the HRA benefit			
11	would be for the duration of his life, Mr. Luna decided to retire early to keep the spousal benefit,			
12	and retired effective December 31, 2017 at the age of fifty-six.			
13	76. Save Mart's termination of the HRA benefit will cost Mr. Luna tens-of-thousands			
14	of dollars over the duration of his life.			
15	<u>Plaintiff Edgar Popke</u>			
15 16	<u>Plaintiff Edgar Popke</u> 77. Plaintiff Popke was raised on Save Mart food and in the Save Mart family. His			
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16 17	77. Plaintiff Popke was raised on Save Mart food and in the Save Mart family. His mother worked most of her career for Save Mart. Mr. Popke joined Save Mart in 1978, at age			
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16 17 18 19	77. Plaintiff Popke was raised on Save Mart food and in the Save Mart family. His mother worked most of her career for Save Mart. Mr. Popke joined Save Mart in 1978, at age eighteen, as a Produce Clerk in Modesto, California. The position was union and Mr. Popke received union benefits.			
16 17 18 19 20	 77. Plaintiff Popke was raised on Save Mart food and in the Save Mart family. His mother worked most of her career for Save Mart. Mr. Popke joined Save Mart in 1978, at age eighteen, as a Produce Clerk in Modesto, California. The position was union and Mr. Popke received union benefits. 78. Mr. Popke was soon promoted to Produce Manager, and then recruited to become 			
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 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	 77. Plaintiff Popke was raised on Save Mart food and in the Save Mart family. His mother worked most of her career for Save Mart. Mr. Popke joined Save Mart in 1978, at age eighteen, as a Produce Clerk in Modesto, California. The position was union and Mr. Popke received union benefits. 78. Mr. Popke was soon promoted to Produce Manager, and then recruited to become a Store Manager, which was a non-union position. Mr. Popke deferred the promotion for several years because of the additional hours of work it would require and the young age of his children. In 2003, he decided to accept a promotion, and at that time he spoke with his managers Steve 			
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 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	 77. Plaintiff Popke was raised on Save Mart food and in the Save Mart family. His mother worked most of her career for Save Mart. Mr. Popke joined Save Mart in 1978, at age eighteen, as a Produce Clerk in Modesto, California. The position was union and Mr. Popke received union benefits. 78. Mr. Popke was soon promoted to Produce Manager, and then recruited to become a Store Manager, which was a non-union position. Mr. Popke deferred the promotion for several years because of the additional hours of work it would require and the young age of his children. In 2003, he decided to accept a promotion, and at that time he spoke with his managers Steve Beaver and Bob Bauer about the impact that the promotion would have on his benefits package. They assured Mr. Popke that his benefits would always be as good as or better than the union's. 			
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 77. Plaintiff Popke was raised on Save Mart food and in the Save Mart family. His mother worked most of her career for Save Mart. Mr. Popke joined Save Mart in 1978, at age eighteen, as a Produce Clerk in Modesto, California. The position was union and Mr. Popke received union benefits. 78. Mr. Popke was soon promoted to Produce Manager, and then recruited to become a Store Manager, which was a non-union position. Mr. Popke deferred the promotion for several years because of the additional hours of work it would require and the young age of his children. In 2003, he decided to accept a promotion, and at that time he spoke with his managers Steve Beaver and Bob Bauer about the impact that the promotion would have on his benefits package. They assured Mr. Popke that his benefits would always be as good as or better than the union's. 79. Mr. Popke was promoted several times in the following years. He moved from 			

and finally to Vice President of Operations in 2011. He remained in that role until his retirement
 in 2017.

3 80. During his tenure as Senior Director for the Bay Area, one of Mr. Popke's primary 4 responsibilities was to oversee the integration of stores that Save Mart acquired through purchase 5 (such as former Albertson's stores) into the Save Mart model. Save Mart worked hard to prevent 6 these stores from joining the union. Mr. Popke was advised by Wendy Kennedy, then Vice 7 President of HR, to tell newly-acquired store employees that their benefits would always be as 8 good as or better than the union's. He visited many Bay Area stores alongside representatives 9 from Save Mart's HR department to speak to the employees and their families about 10 compensation and benefits. He consistently heard the refrain that non-union employees' benefits 11 would always be equal to or better than the union's.

12 81. Mr. Popke received a version of the "Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits" pamphlet
13 on one or more occasions that contained the language: "WHEN COVERAGE ENDS:...Upon the
14 Death of the Retiree." Exhibit B. Mr. Popke understood this to mean that provided he met the
15 eligibility requirements for retirement, he would receive retirement health benefits for the
16 duration of his life.

17 82. In approximately 2017, Mr. Popke received a letter from Save Mart advising him
18 of his eligibility for retirement, and notifying him that if he retired by December 31, 2017, both
19 he and his spouse would receive the HRA benefit, but if he did not, his spouse would lose her
20 benefit. At that time he was fifty-six years old with and thirty-eight years of service.

83. Mr. Popke had planned to work until the age of at least sixty-two, and those years
of income figured prominently in his family's retirement planning. He was well paid for his work
and enjoyed it. However, he did not want to lose the HRA benefit for his spouse, knowing that
medical care is especially important and costly as one ages.

84. In reliance on Save Mart's written and verbal representations that the HRA benefit
would be for the duration of his life, Mr. Popke decided to retire in time to keep the spousal
benefit, and retired effective January 3, 2017 at the age of fifty-six.

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85. Save Mart's termination of the HRA benefit will cost Mr. Popke tens-of-thousands

of dollars over the duration of his life. 1

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Plaintiff Denny G. Wraske, Jr.

3 86. Plaintiff Wraske joined Save Mart in 1971, at the age of seventeen, as a Grocery 4 Clerk in Modesto, California. The position was union and Mr. Wraske received union benefits. 5 He worked in various union positions until he was promoted to Assistant Store Manager in 6 approximately 1985.

7 87. Mr. Wraske was promoted several times in the following years. He moved from 8 Assistant Store Manager to Store Manager, to Grocery Superior of Modesto and the Bay Area, to 9 Senior Director in Modesto and in Fresno, and finally to Senior Director of Operations for 10 Northern California in approximately 2010. He remained in that role until his retirement in 2017.

11 88. Over the years, Mr. Wraske observed Save Mart's efforts to defeat the union from 12 representing additional stores. One common theme he heard repeatedly from Save Mart 13 representatives was that there was no need to join the union, because non-union employees' 14 benefits would always be as good as or better than the union's benefits.

15 89. In approximately 2017, Mr. Wraske received a letter from Save Mart advising him 16 of his eligibility, and notifying him that if he retired by December 31, 2017, both he and his 17 spouse would receive the HRA benefit, but if he did not, his spouse would lose her benefit. He 18 was sixty-three years old and had worked for Save Mart for forty-six years.

19 90. At that time, Mr. Wraske and his wife's retirement plan was that Mr. Wraske 20 would work for another three years. However, he did not want to lose the HRA benefit for his 21 spouse, knowing that medical care is especially important and costly as one ages, and because his 22 wife also wanted to retire, which would eliminate her medical benefits.

23 91. Mr. Wraske received a version of the "Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits" 24 pamphlet on at least one occasion that contained the language: "When Coverage Ends:...Upon 25 the Death of the Retiree." Exhibit B. Mr. Wraske understood this to mean that provided he met 26 the eligibility requirements for retirement, he would receive retirement health benefits for the 27 duration of his life.

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92. In reliance on Save Mart's written and verbal representations that the HRA benefit

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1	would be for the duration of his life, Mr. Wraske decided to retire in time to keep the spousal	
2	benefit, and retired effective December 28, 2017 at the age of sixty-four.	
3	93. Save Mart's termination of the HRA benefit will cost Mr. Wraske tens-of-	
4	thousands of dollars over the duration of his life. It also meant that his wife has had to postpone	
5	her retirement in order to maintain her medical benefits.	
6 7	<u>FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF</u> (Breach of Fiduciary Duty Under ERISA § 401(a)(1) (A) and (B) Against Defendant Save Mart)	
8	94. Plaintiffs incorporate the preceding paragraphs as though set forth herein.	
9	95. ERISA § 404(a)(1), 29 U.S.C. § 1104(a)(1), requires that a fiduciary discharge his	
10	or her duties with respect to a plan solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries, (A)	
11	for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to participants and the beneficiaries of the Plan,	
12	and (B) with the care, skill, prudence and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a	
13	prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct	
14	of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims.	
15	96. A fiduciary's duties of loyalty and prudence include a duty to disclose and inform.	
16	These duties not only require that a fiduciary comply with the disclosure provisions in Title I of	
17	ERISA, but also require: (a) a negative duty not to misinform; (2) an affirmative duty to inform	
18	when the fiduciary knows or should know that silence might be harmful; and (3) a duty to convey	
19	complete and accurate information material to the circumstances of participants and beneficiaries.	
20	97. Save Mart breached these duties as to Plaintiffs and the Class by misrepresenting	
21	that the company would provide health care benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses that	
22	were as good or better than those enjoyed by UFCW members, including by misrepresenting the	
23	duration of retiree medical benefits as lasting until the death of the retiree. These breaches	
24	occurred and continued from the inception of the Plan up through the date that Save Mart	
25	announced it was terminating the HRA benefit on April 22, 2022. Plaintiffs and other employees	
26	relied on Save Mart's misrepresentations to their detriment.	
27	98. ERISA § 502(a)(3), 29 U.S.C. § 1132(a)(3), authorizes a plan participant to bring a	
28	civil action to obtain appropriate equitable relief to redress violations of ERISA, including Save	

1	Mart's breaches of its fiduciary duties under ERISA § 401(a)(1), 29 U.S.C. § 1104(a)(1).		
2	99. Under ERISA § 502(a)(3), 29 U.S.C. § 1132(a)(3), Plaintiffs and the Class are		
3	entitled to: have the Plan reformed to reflect Save Mart's repeated promise to provide benefits as		
4	good or better than the union's and to reflect Save Mart's repeated promise that retiree medical		
5	benefits, including the HRA benefit for retirees and their spouses specifically, would last until the		
6	death of the retiree; and/or have Save Mart pay an equitable surcharge or restitution to		
7	compensate Plaintiffs and the Class for the loss of retiree medical benefits and the HRA benefit		
8	specifically and the retirement decisions they made based on Defendant's misrepresentations.		
9	SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF		
10	(Claim for Benefits Due Under the Terms of the Plan Pursuant to ERISA § 502(a)(1)(B) Against Defendant Save Mart and Defendant Plan)		
11	100. Plaintiffs incorporate the preceding paragraphs as though set forth herein.		
12	101. Under ERISA § 502(a)(1)(B), 29 U.S.C. § 1132(a)(1)(B), a participant or		
13	beneficiary may bring a civil action to recover benefits due to them under the terms of the Plan, to		
14	enforce their rights under the terms of the Plan, or to clarify their right to future benefits under the		
15	terms of the Plan.		
16	102. Defendant Save Mart violated the terms of the Plan by failing to have the Board of		
17	Directors or its designee adopt and duly execute a written instrument terminating the HRA benefit		
18	program. Defendant Save Mart and Defendant Plan's decision to cease making HRA		
19	contributions for current participants, cease reimbursing claims for qualified medical expenses,		
20	and discontinue any possibility of future participation in the Plan for active employees as of June		
21	2022 was unlawful and a violation of the Plan terms.		
22	103. Defendant Plan is a proper defendant for a claim under ERISA § 502(a)(1)(B)		
23	under ERISA § 502(d)(1)-(2).		
24	104. Defendant Save Mart, as the Plan's formal Plan Administrator and as the entity		
25	liable to fund benefit contributions under the Plan, is a proper defendant for a claim under ERISA		
26	§ 502(a)(1)(B) pursuant to Cyr v. Reliance Standard Life Ins. Co., 642 F.3d 1202, 1205-06 (9th		
27	Cir. 2011).		
28	105. Coincident with the filing of their motion for leave to amend the complaint,		
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Plaintiffs submitted claims for benefits to Save Mart for past due and future HRA benefit
contributions in an attempt to exhaust their administrative remedies. However, Plaintiffs believe
that exhaustion of their administrative remedies would be futile in this case because Save Mart
has clearly established its position in this litigation that its termination of the HRA benefit
program was lawful and has already dismantled the infrastructure necessary to make HRA benefit
contributions and process HRA benefit claims.
106. As a direct and proximate result of Save Mart's failure to properly terminate the

HRA benefit program, Plaintiffs and the proposed Class have been deprived of monthly HRA
benefit contributions that they were and are entitled to receive starting in April 2022 and
continuing through to the present.

11 107. Under ERISA § 502(a)(1)(B), Plaintiffs and the Class are entitled to a judgment 12 from the Court requiring Save Mart to: (a) for Plan participants: make past-due HRA benefit 13 contributions from July 1, 2022 through the resolution of this action, with reasonable prejudgment 14 interest on each and every monthly payment, and to reimburse qualified medical expenses 15 incurred since July 1, 2022; and (b) for employees who retired and obtained the eligibility 16 requirements necessary to participate in the Plan anytime from April 22, 2022 to the resolution of 17 this action, an opportunity to become participants in the Plan, and for Save Mart to make past-due 18 HRA benefit contributions from the date eligibility was obtained through the resolution of this 19 action, with reasonable prejudgment interest on each and every monthly payment.

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(Claim for Equitable Relief to Enforce the Terms of the Plan Under ERISA § 502(a)(3) Against Defendant Save Mart)

108. Plaintiffs incorporate the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
109. Under ERISA § 502(a)(3), 29 U.S.C. § 1132(a)(3), a participant or beneficiary
may bring a civil action to enjoin any act or practice which violates the terms of the Plan or to
obtain other appropriate equitable relief to redress violations of the terms of the Plan.
110. Save Mart's decision to cease operating the HRA benefit program in 2022 was a

27 violation of the Plan terms governing termination of benefit programs and the Plan terms

28 requiring Save Mart to make HRA contributions and to process and pay valid HRA benefit

claims.

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111. As a direct and proximate result of Save Mart's failure to properly terminate the
HRA benefit program, Plaintiffs and the Class have been deprived of monthly HRA benefit
contributions that they were and are entitled to receive starting in April 2022 and continuing
through to the present.

6 112. As a direct and proximate result of Save Mart's failure to properly terminate the
7 HRA benefit program, Class members who obtained the necessary requirements for eligibility
8 under the Plan after April 22, 2022 have been deprived of the opportunity to become participants
9 in the Plan, and of the monthly HRA contributions and reimbursement of qualified medical
10 expenses that they were entitled to receive starting on the date on which they retired and obtained
11 eligibility and continuing through to the present.

12 Under ERISA section 502(a)(3), 29 U.S.C. § 1132(a)(3), Plaintiffs and the Class 113. 13 are entitled to injunctive relief requiring Save Mart to continue to operate the Plan, to permit any Class members who retired and obtained eligibility requirements after April 22, 2022 to become 14 15 participants in the Plan, and to make monthly HRA benefit contributions and to process HRA 16 benefit claims retroactive to July 1, 2022 (for people who were participants as of April 22, 2022) 17 or retroactive to the date retirement and eligibility was obtained (for people who became eligible 18 to be participants after April 22, 2022), for the remainder of their lives, along with reasonable 19 prejudgment interest on past-due HRA benefit contributions.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray that the Court grant the following relief:
 A. Declare that Save Mart has breached its fiduciary duties to Plaintiffs and

23 the Class and/or knowingly participated in breaches of fiduciary duty;

B. Order that Save Mart pay benefits due under the terms of the Plan and
provide appropriate equitable relief to Plaintiffs and the Class, including but not limited to
surcharge, reformation of the Plan, and/or an injunction requiring Save Mart to administer the
Plan with respect to Plaintiffs and the Class in a manner consistent with the terms of the Plan in
existence prior to the discontinuation of the HRA benefit in 2022;

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1	C. Award Plaintiffs and the Class attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred			
2	herein pursuant to ERISA § 502(g), 29 U.S.C. § 1132(g); and			
3	D. Provide such other relief as the Court deems equitable and just.			
4	Dated: February 9, 2024 Respectfully submitted,			
5	BOLT KEENLEY KIM LLP			
6				
7	By: /s/ James P. Keenley			
8	James P. Keenley (CA Bar No. 253106) Emily A. Bolt (CA Bar No. 253109)			
9	BOLT KEENLEY KIM LLP 2855 Telegraph Ave., Suite 517			
10	Berkeley, CA 94705 Phone: (510) 225-0696			
11	Fax: (510) 225-1095 jkeenley@bkkllp.com			
12	ebolt@bkkllp.com			
13	Anne B. Shaver (CA Bar No. 255928) Michelle A. Lamy (CA Bar No. 308174) Benjamin A. Trouvais (CA Bar No. 353034)			
14	Lieff Cabraser Heimann & Bernstein, LLP 275 Battery St., 29th Floor			
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16	Fax: (415) 956-1008 ashaver@lchb.com			
17	mlamy@lchb.com btrouvais@lchb.com			
18	Matthew J. Matern (CA Bar No. 159798)			
19 20	Mikael H. Stahle (CA Bar No. 182599) MATERN LAW GROUP, PC			
20 21	1230 Rosecrans Ave., Suite 200 Manhattan Beach, CA 90266			
21	Phone: (310) 531-1900 Fax: (310) 531-1901			
23	mmatern@maternlawgroup.com mstahle@maternlawgroup.com			
23	Attorneys for Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class			
25				
26				
27				
28				

Exhibit A

SAVE MART ANSWERS YOUR QUESTIONS ABOUT UNIONS

As a major grocery chain, Save Mart is very likely to be the subject of a union organizing campaign. This means that you will probably be asked by a union to sign a union authorization card selecting the union as your collective bargaining representative.

In this area, Grocery Department employees will probably be approached by Retail Clerks Local 588, while Meat Department employees will be approached by Butchers Union Local 127. However, it is possible that other unions, such as the Teamsters, will also approach you.

We want you to know that Save Mart does not believe that a union is in your best interest. We believe that your wages and fringe benefits are much better than the union contract covering employees in this area and that there is nothing that the union can offer you that justifies the payment of dues and initiation fees and the possible labor problems that often accompany unions. Because we know from past experience that a union will often mislead, we have attempted to put in this booklet many of the questions that employees ask about unions. While the decision to support a union or not is solely yours, we hope that this information will allow you to make a wise choice.

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Q. Why will the union approach you?

- A. Quite simply, the union is desperate. For the last two years, more and more employees have been demanding the right to make their own choice as to whether they want a union, and employees are saying no. None of the employees at Save Mart's Hanford, Exeter, Chowchilla, or Lindsay stores have chosen the union. Similarly, Raley's has five "non-union" stores, Pak N' Save has three non-union stores in Sacramento, and Vons, a major grocery chain in Southern California, has five non-union stores in the Fresno area.
- Q. Can Save Mart choose the union for you?
- A. No. It is against the law for a company to decide that a store will be union. The law says that Save Mart may not deal with a union until a majority of the employees in the store choose the union. Save Mart cannot choose the union for you. Whether the store is union or not is a choice only the employees can make.
- Q. How does the union get your support?
- A. Normally a union must win an election conducted by the the government. In order to get an election, the union must get 30% of the store's employees to sign union authorization cards. All non-supervisory persons in the store would then vote on whether they wanted the union.

Q. What's the harm in signing a union authorization card?

A. The union can use the card to stop you from voting. When you sign a normal union authorizaton card, you are <u>not</u> asking for an election. You are <u>choosing</u> the union to be your representative. Read the card carefully, it says:

> "I hereby authorize United Food and Commercial Workers International Union, or its chartered Local Union to represent me for the purpose of collective bargaining."

The union can use this card to claim that you have already chosen it as your representative. Moreover, the card can be used months later, even though you may have changed your mind. As you can see, this kind of card can actually take away your right to choose.

If all you want is an election, you should cross out the words on the card and write in these words:

"I want the union to ask for a NLRB election."

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Q. How does the union get you to sign a card?

A. You can expect that a union organizer will tell you a lot of different things in order to get you to sign a card. Often, a union will promise you that it will get you higher wages or that it will protect you from the company. The law allows a union to make any promises it wants because everyone knows that a union cannot make its promises come true. That's the big difference between what Save Mart can tell you and what the union can promise you. Save Mart is not allowed to make any promises. The union can promise you anything in the world because that's just what they are, promises.

The fact is that employees at Save Mart's "non-union" stores are receiving wages and fringe benefits that equal what employees get at Save Mart's union stores.

- Q. Will you lose your job if you don't sign a card?
- A. No. the amazing thing is that unions often trick employees by telling them that, The choice to sign a card is yours alone. The law says that Save Mart can take no action against you because you sign or refuse to sign a card. The company cannot fire you, or change your wages or fringe benefits, or in any other way take any action against you because you don't want a union.

- Q. Do you have to listen to the union's sales pitch?
- A. Whether or not you talk to a union organizer or let them into your home is up to you. The union has no special rights.

A union will often keep on bothering you with the hope that you will get tired and sign a card. We know that in the Sacramento area the union has gone to Pak 'N Save employees' homes at all times of the day and has continually called them in an effort to get them to sign cards. You should know that it is against the law for a union to threaten you in any manner. If that happens, or if you feel that you are being harassed, you should feel free to let someone in management know so that Save Mart can take action to protect you and the other employees.

You should also be aware that a union will often ask you questions about the company in order to get information. While the union may assure you that the information you give will remain secret, the fact is that they usually give this information to the government in an effort to involve the company in court trials. As a result, you could be asked to be a witness in these proceedings. While the decision to talk to the union is yours and yours alone, you may want to find out from the union what they plan to do with the information.

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- Q. What do you get from the union in return for your dues and other fees?
- A. If the store became union, you could expect to be required to pay dues to the union. While dues often vary in amount depending on your hourly wage, full-time journeyman clerks currently pay approximately \$24.00 a month in dues. (Initiation fees are also sometimes charged.) Since there are approximately 50 employees in the store who would have to become members of the union, the union can expect to make around \$1,200 a month. A typical union contract is for 3 years, and so the union can expect to earn over \$40,000 from your store alone.

In exchange for this kind of money, you should ask yourself what the union will give you. When you started working, you were given a copy of Save Mart's "Manual of Working Conditions" which sets out all your wages, fringe benefits and the terms of your employment. Read it. When the union comes to you and asks you to sign a card, you should ask the union organizer what he hopes to get for you that you do not already have.

If you compare, your will see that your wages are the same as the wages paid union employees and that your benefits are already better, or equal to, the benefits in a union store. You get all these things without having to pay dues.

- Q. Then why does Save Mart have any union stores?
- A. Because the employees in those stores never had the chance to choose for themselves. They were forced to become union members and to pay dues if they were going to work in those stores.

You have the choice. Like the Hanford, Exeter, Chowchilla, and Lindsay employees, you can decide for yourself whether you want a union. We are confident that like the employees in those stores and the employees at Raley's, Pak 'N Save, and Vons, you will reject the union because you realize that you are receiving fair treatment and equal wages without the hassle or burden of a union.

We hope that this booklet has answered many of the questions you may have and set the facts straight. We know that when you have all of the information, you will conclude that there is nothing the union can offer you that Save Mart does not already provide. If you have other questions, please use the open door policy to let us know what those questions are, and you can be sure that we will give you a quick and truthful answer.

Exhibit B

SAVE MART UPERMARKETS

Save Mart Select

Retiree

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Contact INFORMATION

Benefit Plans	Phone	Website/Email	Plan Number
Medical Plans Blue Shield of California	1-888-235-1765	www.blueshieldca.com	2024107
Kaiser Permanente	1-800-464-4000 (English) 1-800-788-0616 (Spanish)	www.kp.org	Northern CA: 600526 Southern CA: 227440
Life Insurance Plans Voya (formerly ING)	1-888-238-4840	www.voya.com	31669-5
Enrollment/Premium Billing Employee Benefits Specialists (EBS)	1-888-327-2770	www.ebsbenefits.com	
Save Mart Benefits Department	1-209-548-6648	benefits@savemart.com	Not applicable
SAVE MART SELECT RETIREE Benefits PROGRAM

ELIGIBILITY

Save Mart employees who meet the age and service and Save Mart Select Benefits Program participation requirements described below are eligible for coverage under the Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits Program.

Eligible spouses/registered domestic partners who are enrolled in the Save Mart Select Benefits Program as of the employee's retirement date are eligible for coverage under the Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits Program.

AGE AND SERVICE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREES

Employees Hired BEFORE January 1, 2010

- 1. You are age 55 at retirement with 30 or more years of uninterrupted, continuous service with Save Mart, or
- 2. You are age 60 at retirement with at least 15 years of uninterrupted, continuous service with Save Mart, or
- 3. Your are age 65 at retirement with at least 10 years of uninterrupted, continuous service with Save Mart.
- Employees Hired AFTER January 1, 2010 (except Local 1173 Machinists and Local 8 Golden State Employees)

You must be age 60 or older at retirement with at least 25 years of uninterrupted, continuous service with Save Mart.

- Local 1173 Machinists and Local 8 Golden State Employees Hired AFTER January 1, 2010
 - 1. You must be age 65 with at least 20 years of uninterrupted, continuous service with Save Mart, or
 - 2. You must be age 60 with at least 25 years of uninterrupted, continuous service with Save Mart.

SAVE MART SELECT PLAN PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENT

Employees Hired BEFORE January 1, 2010

You must be enrolled in the Save Mart Select Benefits Program at the time of retirement and have been enrolled for at least three full years out of the last six years immediately preceding the date of retirement.

 Employees Hired AFTER January 1, 2010 (including Local 1173 Machinists and Local 8 Golden State Employees)

You must be enrolled in the Save Mart Select Benefits Program at the time of retirement and have been enrolled for at least ten full years immediately preceding the date of retirement.

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SERVICE YEAR MINIMUM HOURS

Employees must work a minimum number of hours each year to qualify for one year of service, as shown below.

1 Year Service Credit	1,000 hours worked per year
1/2 Year Service Credit	521 to 999 hours worked per year
No Service Credit	520 hours or less worked per year

WHEN COVERAGE BEGINS

Coverage under the Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits Program's medical and life insurance plans begins at retirement. Dental, Vision, Long Term Disability, and Accidental Death & Dismemberment benefits cease at retirement.

If you do not enroll in the Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits Program within 31 days of your Retirement date, you / will not be allowed to enroll at a later date.



WHEN COVERAGE ENDS

- Upon non-receipt of your monthly premium contribution payment by the payment due date.
- Upon the death of the retiree.
- Spousal coverage ends upon divorce from or death of the retiree. Domestic partner coverage ends upon termination of the domestic partnership or death of the retiree. Spouses only may be eligible to extend medical plan coverage upon death or divorce under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA).

CHANGES TO YOUR MEDICAL PLAN ENROLLMENT

Each year you have the opportunity to make changes to your medical plan enrollment during Save Mart's Open Enrollment period. All changes made to your enrollment during Open Enrollment are effective for the next 12 months, January 1 through December 31.

If you dis-enroll from the Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits Program at any time, for any reason, you will not be allowed to re-enroll at a later date.

RETIREE Life INSURANCE

RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE

Save Mart provides Group Term Life Insurance to retirees through ING. Life insurance coverage is contingent upon your age at retirement as follows:

- Age 55 to 70: \$10,000
- Age 70 and Above: \$5,000

Spousal/registered domestic partner life insurance terminates on the day you retire. Refer to your Summary Plan Description for more details.



Castlight is a personal health care tool that can help you and your family members find high quality care at affordable prices. This tool is available free of charge to all Save Mart Blue Shield plan participants. Using Castlight online or over the phone, you can:

- Compare nearby doctors, facilities, and medical services based on the price you'll pay and patient reviews.
- See personalized cost estimates based on your medical plan.
- Review step-by-step explanations of past medical spending so you know how much you paid and why.
- Receive helpful tips on ways to reduce your medical bills and find high-quality care.

To learn more or register for Castlight today at **mycastlight.com/savemart**. You can also call a Castlight Guide at 888-920-1146.

PREMIUM Cost SHARING

PREMIUM COST SHARING FOR RETIREE MEDICAL PLANS

Save Mart and retirees share the premium cost for medical plan coverage. The monthly premium cost for medical plan coverage is summarized below.

	Monthly Premium Cost for Under Age 65 Medical Plans	Monthly Premium Cost for Age 65 and Above Medical Plans*
Retiree Only	\$155.62	\$43.89
Retiree Plus Spouse/ Registered Domestic Partner	\$311.24	\$87.78

* Premium rates subject to change based on Medicare plan rate adjustments.

RETIREE Medical PLAN OPTIONS

Retirees and retirees' spouses/registered domestic partners are eligible for coverage under the Save Mart Select retiree medical plans. Your medical plan options are dependent upon your age at retirement and your residence location.

Save Mart provides eligible retirees with a choice of two medical plan options. The Blue Shield of California plans are available to all eligible retirees. The Kaiser Permanente Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) plans are available to eligible retirees who reside in the Kaiser California service area.

RETIREES UNDER AGE 65

Blue Shield of California – Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan

If you are enrolled in the Blue Shield PPO Plan, you may obtain services from any provider you wish. If you select provider care within the PPO network, your benefits are greater. When you obtain services from providers who are not part of the PPO network, your out-of-pocket expenses will be higher. Claim forms are required when you receive health care services from non-PPO providers.

Kaiser Permanente - Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) Plan (California only)

If you are enrolled in the Kaiser Permanente HMO Plan, you must receive all your care from a Kaiser Permanente physician or specialist, and you must use Kaiser facilities. Please note there are two Kaiser Permanente HMO Plans based on age. Most services are covered at 100%. Copays are required for certain services. No claim forms are required for this plan.

RETIREES AGE 65 AND OVER

Blue Shield of California - Medicare Retiree Plan

Upon the attainment of age 65, you and/or your eligible spouse/registered domestic partner enrolled in the Blue Shield of California PPO Retiree Medical Plan have the opportunity to enroll in the Blue Shield of California Medicare Retiree Plan. The Blue Shield of California Medicare Retiree Plan supplements coverage provided by Medicare, as outlined in the Blue Shield of California Medicare Retiree Plan Benefit Summary.

To enroll in the Blue Shield of California Medicare Retiree Plan, you and your eligible spouse/ registered domestic partner **must be enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B** AND **must complete a Blue Shield of California Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Plan enrollment form.** Failure to submit the required documents within 31 days of reaching the age of 65 will result in loss of eligibility under the Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits Program.

Kaiser Permanente - Senior Advantage HMO (California only)

Upon the attainment of age 65, you and/or your eligible spouse/registered domestic partner enrolled in the Kaiser Permanente Retiree Medical Plan have the opportunity to enroll in the Kaiser Permanente Senior Advantage HMO Plan. The Kaiser Senior Advantage HMO Plan provides comprehensive medical and prescription drug coverage, as outlined in the Kaiser Senior Advantage HMO Plan Benefit Summary.

To enroll in the Kaiser Permanente Senior Advantage HMO Plan, you and your eligible spouse/ registered domestic partner **must be enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B** AND **must complete a Kaiser Senior Advantage HMO enrollment form.** Failure to submit the required documents within 31 days of reaching the age of 65 will result in loss of eligibility under the Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits Program.

RETIREE Medical PLAN OPTIONS - Under AGE 65

	Blue Shield of California PPO Medical Plan		
	In-Network Providers ¹ Employee Cost Share*	Out-of-Network Providers ² Employee Cost Share*	
General Benefits Calendar Year Deductible	\$300 per individual to a maximum of \$600 per family	\$600 per individual to a maximum of \$1,200 per family	
Calendar Year Out-of-Pocket Maximum	\$2,000 per individual to a maximum of \$4,000 per family	None	
Lifetime Maximum Benefit	Unlimited	Unlimited	
Medical Benefits Doctor's Office Visits	\$20 copay;deductible waived	50%	
Annual Physical Exam	No charge; deductible waived	50%	
X-Ray and Lab Tests	25%	50%	
Chiropractic Care (up to 20 visits per calendar year)	\$20 per visit; deductible waived	50%; limited to \$20 benefit per visit	
Prescription Drug Benefits Retail (30 Day Supply)	Generic: \$10 copay; Brand Name Formulary: \$20 copay; Non-Formulary: \$40 copay	Generic: 25% plus \$20 copay; Brand Name Formulary: 25% plus \$30 copay Non-Formulary: 25% plus \$45 copay	
Save Mart Pharmacies (31 – 90 Day Supply)	Generic: \$15 copay; Brand Name Formulary: \$30 copay; Non-Formulary: \$60 copay	Not covered	
Blue Shield Mail Order (For up to a 90 Day Supply)	Generic: \$15 copay; Brand Name Formulary: \$30 copay; Non-Formulary: \$60 copay	Not covered	
Hospital Benefits Room & Board and Surgeon's Fees	25%	Covered at 50% ³	
Emergency Room		(waived if admitted) - emergency services	
Mental Health Benefits Out-Patient Services	\$20; deductible waived	50%	
In-Patient Services	25%	50% ³	
Substance Abuse Benefits Out-Patient Services	\$20; deductible waived	50%	
In-Patient Services	25%	50%³	

¹ Subject to the deductible and paid at in-network, negotiated rates.

² Subject to deductible and paid at Blue Shield's negotiated rates. Retiree pays applicable copayment/coinsurance and any amount above Blue Shield's negotiated rates.

³ Blue Shield's allowable amount is \$600 per day. Members are responsible for 50% of this amount plus all charges in excess of the allowable amount.

* Amounts shown reflect employee cost-sharing and match the Summaries of Benefits and Coverage (SBCs) provided by carriers as part of healthcare reform.

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Kaiser Permanente HMO (California only)

Kaiser Permanente Providers and Facilities Only Employee Cost Share*

General Benefits Calendar Year Deductible

Calendar Year Out-of-Pocket Maximum

Lifetime Maximum Benefit

Medical Benefits Doctor's Office Visits

Annual Physical Exam

X-Ray and Lab Tests

Chiropractic Care

Prescription Drug Benefits¹ Kaiser Retail Pharmacy (30 day supply)

(31-60 day supply)

(61-100 day supply)

Kaiser Mail Order (30 day supply)

(31-100 day supply)

Hospital Benefits Room & Board and Surgeon's Fees

Emergency Room

Mental Health Benefits Out-Patient Services

In-Patient Services

In-Patient Services

Substance Abuse Benefits Out-Patient Services Not applicable

\$1,500 per individual to a maximum of \$3,000 per family

Unlimited

\$20

No charge

No charge

\$15; limited to 30 visits per calendar year

Generic: \$10 copay; Brand Name: \$20 copay Generic: \$20 copay; Brand Name: \$40 copay Generic: \$30 copay; Brand Name: \$60 copay

Generic: \$10 copay; Brand Name: \$20 copay Generic: \$20 copay; Brand Name: \$40 copay

\$200 copay per admission

\$75 copay (copay waived if admitted)

\$20 copay for individual visits; \$10 copay for group therapy

\$200 copay per admission

\$20 copay for individual therapy; \$5 copay for group therapy

\$200 copay per admission (detox only); \$100 copay per admission for transitional residential recovery services

¹ Prescriptions obtained from non-Kaiser pharmacies are not covered.

* Amounts shown reflect employee cost-sharing and match the Summaries of Benefits and Coverage (SBCs) provided by carriers as part of healthcare reform.

RETIREE Medical PLAN OPTIONS - AGE 65 AND above

	Blue Shield of California Medicare Retiree Plan				
	Medicar (Must Bo	e-Eligible Retirees Age 65 an e Enrolled in Medicare Parts /	d Above A and B)		
Covered Services	Medicare Pays	Plan Pays	You Pay		
Hospitalization First 60 days	All but \$1,156	\$1,156 (Part A deductible)	\$0		
61st through 90th day	All but \$289 per day	\$289 per day	\$0		
91st day and after: While using 60 lifetime reserve days	All but \$578 per day	\$578 per day	\$0		
Once lifetime reserve days are used: • Additional 365 days	\$0	100% of Medicare eligible expenses	\$0		
 Beyond the additional 365 days 	\$0	80% of eligible expenses	20% of eligible expenses		
Skilled Nursing Facility Care First 20 days	All approved amounts	\$0	\$0		
21 st through 100 th day	All but \$144.50 per day	Up to \$144.50 per day	\$0		
101 st day and after	\$0	\$0	All costs		
Hospice Care You must meet Medicare's requirements, including a doctor's certification of terminal illness	All but very limited copayment/coinsurance for outpatient drugs and inpatient respite care	Medicare copayment/coinsurance	\$0		
Medical Expenses ¹ First \$140 of Medicare- approved amounts	\$0	\$0	\$140 (Part B deductible)		
Remainder of Medicare- approved amounts	Generally 80%	Generally 20%	\$0		
Part B excess charges (above plan-approved amounts)	\$0	\$0	All costs		
Laboratory Services/ Diagnostic Testing	100%	\$0	\$0		
	Medicare Part D F	Prescription Drugs			
	30-Day Supply 90-Day S		Supply		
	Save Mart Pharmacies Blue Shield Pharmacies	Save Mart Pharmacies Blue Shield Pharmacies	Blue Shield Mail Order		
Generic	\$10	\$30	\$20		
Formulary Brand	\$20	\$60	\$40		
Non-Formulary	\$40	\$120	\$80		

¹ Medical expenses includes services such as physician visits, surgical services and supplies, durable medical equipment.

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Kaiser Permanente Senior Advantage HMO (California only)

Medicare-Eligible Retirees Age 65 and Above (Must Be Enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B)

Kaiser Permanente Providers and Facilities Only

Not applicable

\$1,500 per individual to a maximum of \$3,000 per family

Unlimited

\$20 \$20

No charge \$15; limited to 30 visits per calendar year

Generic: \$10 copay; Brand Name: \$20 copay

Generic: \$20 copay; Brand Name: \$40 copay

Generic: \$30 copay; Brand Name: \$60 copay

Generic: \$20 copay; Brand Name: \$40 copay

\$500 per admission

\$50 (copay waived if admitted)

\$20 for individual visits; \$10 for group therapy

\$500 per admission

\$20 for individual therapy; \$5 for group therapy

\$500 copay per admission (detox only); \$100 copay per admission for transitional residential recovery services

¹ Prescriptions obtained from non-Kaiser pharmacies are not covered.

General Benefits

Medical Benefits Doctor's Office Visits

mum

Calendar Year Deductible

Lifetime Maximum Benefit

Annual Physical Exam

Prescription Drug Benefits¹ Kaiser Retail Pharmacy

X-Ray and Lab Tests

Chiropractic Care

(30 day supply)

(31-60 day supply)

(61-100 day supply)

Kaiser Mail Order (31-100 day supply)

Hospital Benefits

Emergency Room

Mental Health Benefits Out-Patient Services

In-Patient Services

In-Patient Services

Substance Abuse Benefits Out-Patient Services

Room & Board and Surgeon's Fees

Calendar Year Out-of-Pocket Maxi-

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Summary Health Information

As an employee, the health benefits available to you represent a significant component of your total rewards package. They also provide important protection for you and your family in the case of illness or injury. Save Mart offers a number of health coverage options. Choosing a health coverage option is important and to help you make an informed decision, Save Mart makes available a Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC). The SBC summarizes important information about any health coverage option in a standard format, so that you may compare options. Save Mart's medical plan SBCs are available on the Employee Self Service website at **www.workterra.net**. A paper copy is also available, free of charge, by calling:

Blue Shield Member Services: 1-888-235-1765
 Kaiser Member Services: 1-800-464-400

The information presented in this brochure — Save Mart Select 2015 Retiree Benefits Program is a summary of the benefits for eligible retirees. Please refer to your Plan Documents or benefit plan group agreements for more details.

If there is a conflict between the benefits described in this summary and the Plan Documents, then the Plan Documents shall govern.

Exhibit C

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P.O. Box 3689, Modesto, California 95352-3689 1800 Standiford Avenue, Modesto, California 95350 Corporate Office (209) 574-6299

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September 30, 2009

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Dear Save Mart Retiree:

Retiree benefits are a difficult and sensitive subject for everybody, myself included. It is one area in which I take a great deal of interest since it affects Save Mart's retirees. This year we will be making some changes and I assure you, all of these changes were made only after careful scrutiny by me.

Historically, Save Mart has paid 100% of the monthly premium cost for our Health & Welfare programs and has never asked employees or retired employees to share in this cost. For the first time in Save Mart's history, we've decided to ask employees and retirees to make a premium contribution to the cost of their Health & Welfare coverage. Nevertheless, any change affecting your family's finances concerns me. As a result, I've only agreed to changes that I concluded were prudent to enhance the long term sustainability of our plans, while minimizing the impact on you.

As most of you are aware, the cost of health care in the United States has been and is continuing to grow dramatically. Unfortunately, our business hasn't been growing at the same pace. Our health and welfare benefits are among the best in the grocery industry and to achieve my longstanding goal to offer an outstanding health and welfare package to our retirees, we need to make a few changes to sustain it.

Healthcare trends indicate more changes will at some point become a necessity. Because of these trends I have instructed out Benefits Department to update me on a semi-annual basis concerning the financial stability of our health and welfare benefits and to make whatever recommendations that seem prudent for my consideration.

I know change is sometimes unsettling, but it is also inevitable. Because of this, it is important for us to begin making necessary changes now. Failing to make timely changes in a world that is ever changing is a recipe for future disaster. I am not going to let that happen to our company.

Please be certain to review the enclosed Plan Highlights and the Open Enrollment materials that will be sent to your home in October. As always, I am grateful for the years you've spent contributing to the Company and I genuinely hope you're enjoying your retirement.

Sincerely,

SAVE MART SUPERMARKETS

Bob Piccinini Chairman & CEO

SAVE MART SUPERMARKETS 2010 RETIREE HEALTH PLAN HIGHLIGHTS

WHEN IS OPEN ENROLLMENT?

Save Mart's Open Enrollment for 2010 benefits will take place from November 1 through November 15.

WHAT DO WE NEED TO DO DURING OPEN ENROLLMENT?

This year during Open Enrollment, <u>all retirees will be required to complete an</u> <u>Enrollment Form</u> for their 2010 Save Mart Select and UFCW medical plans. Enrollment forms will update your dependents eligibility and you're Life Insurance Beneficiaries. Enrollment form must be returned to the Benefits Department no later that November 15, 2009.

WHAT HAPPENS IF I DO NOT COMPLETE A NEW ENROLLMENT FORM AND SUPPLY THE REQUIRED DOCUMENTS?

In the event you do **NOT** respond by the November 15, 2009 enrollment deadline, we will consider your lack of response as an indication that you are declining all medical benefits coverage's through Save Mart for the entire 2010 plan year.

IS THE COVERAGE FOR THE ANNUAL PHYSICAL CHANGING?

Yes, as part of our ongoing wellness efforts, the annual maximum benefits for physical exams have increased from \$200 to \$500. Also effective January 1, 2010, the annual physical exams have been expanded to include all eligible dependent family members.

AS A RETIREE, WILL I BE REQUIRED TO PAY A MONTHLY PREMIUM?

Yes, the premiums will be as follows.

	Premium Under age 65	Premium Over age 65
Retiree Only	\$133.00	\$35.00
Retiree and Spouse	\$266.00	\$70.00

Premiums rates are subject to change based on Medicare rate adjustments.

At age 65, the retiree and his/her spouse will automatically be enrolled into the Medicare Supplemental Plan through Blue Cross. Retirees enrolled in Kaiser will be required to enroll in the Senior Advantage Plan. Save Mart will continue to be the secondary coverage, but it will be strictly a Medicare Supplemental Plan.

WHAT OTHER CHANGES ARE AFFECTING RETIREE HEALTH AND WELFARE?

The Plan B life time limit will increase from \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000.

About the Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits Program

When Coverage Begins

The art

Coverage under the Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits Program's medical and life insurance plans begins at retirement.

When Coverage Ends

- Upon the death of the retiree
- Spousal coverage ends upon divorce from or death of the retiree. Spouses may be eligible to
 extend medical plan coverage upon death or divorce under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget
 Reconciliation Act (COBRA).

Changes to Your Medical Plan Enrollment

Each year you have the opportunity to make changes to your medical plan enrollment during Save Mart/Food Maxx Trust's Open Enrollment period. All changes made to your enrollment during Open Enrollment are effective for the next 12 months, January 1 through December 31.

Changes in Family Status

If your spouse initially declines coverage under the retiree medical plan because of other coverage, you must provide proof of other coverage to the Benefits Department.

If your spouse has a change in employment and/or loses other coverage, you may enroll your spouse in the retiree medical plan provided that you request enrollment within 31 days of the loss of other coverage.

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3	mlamy@lchb.com			
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19			11151011	
20	KATHERINE BAKER, JOSE LUNA,)) Case N	o.: 3:22-cv-4645-V	WHO
21	EDGAR POPKE, and DENNY G. WRASKE,) JR., on behalf of themselves and all others) CLASS	S ACTION	
22	similarly situated,)		
23) Plaintiffs,) DECL.)	ARATION OF W	ENDY KENNEDY
24) v.)		
25)		
26	SAVE MART SUPERMARKETS,))		
27	Defendant.)		
28	CASE NO. 22-CV-04645-WHO	1	D	ECLARATION OF WENDY KENNEDY

I, Wendy Kennedy, declare as follows:

 I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this Declaration, and could and would testify competently under oath if called as a witness. I understand that a class action lawsuit alleging violations of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA") has been filed against Save Mart Supermarkets ("Save Mart"), and that this Declaration may be used by the plaintiffs in connection with this case.

I have seen a copy of the Complaint in this case and understand that this
 Declaration will be submitted along with the First Amended Complaint in the class action against Save
 Mart.

3. I was employed by Save Mart from 1991 until September 3, 2010. I worked primarily at the corporate headquarters in Modesto. I started as Director of Training and Development. In the early 2000's, I became Vice President of Human Resources, and for the last several years of my employment I served as the Vice President of Corporate Communications and Community Affairs.

4. In my role as Director of Training and Development, my primary job duties were to train store managers, corporate managers, and executives in training workshops, store openings, new hire orientations, and additionally as needed. Bob Piccinini explained to me when I started that in order to grow the company, Save Mart needed to develop its leaders, and that is what I was brought into the company to do. I implemented a training program for all managers, both operational and corporate. The company required each manger to attend sixty-four hours of this training program, and we covered a wide array of topics and skills that could be relevant for managerial positions, such as communicating with employees, giving presentations, leading meetings, conducting performance reviews, understanding technical aspects of the business, leading teams effectively, et cetera. I also oversaw the team of Training Representatives who conducted the new hire orientations and other informational meetings with store employees. I would review, vet, and provide feedback on the content and materials trainers would present to employees. One of the topics included

CASE NO. 22-CV-04645-WHO

information on employee benefits.

5. In my role as Vice President of Human Resources, I oversaw the entire Human Resources Department, including payroll, benefits, recruiting, hiring, employee relations, and training. All Human Resources employees ultimately reported to me. I reported directly to Mike Silveira, the Senior Vice President of Human Resources. I supervised multiple Department Managers, including the Benefits, Training and Development, Recruiting, and Payroll Managers. I saw an important part of my role as working to enhance the employee culture at Save Mart, such as through customer outreach programs and training store personnel in customer relations, creating rewards for employees for high performance and for developing their skills, and spearheading employee appreciation and leadership events. I saw myself as a partner with the operational team, and worked to cultivate high standards and positive professional development opportunities for all store employees. A key aspect of Save Mart culture that I consistently highlighted was the good benefits and culture of reward for our hardworking employees.

6. In my role as Vice President of Corporate Communications and Community Affairs, I dealt with community outreach and charitable efforts, including coordinating community donations given out by Save Mart to non-profits, setting up a program for donating food from the stores to the local food banks, attending community events, and supervising the Director of Public Relations and Director of Events.

7. Throughout my tenure at Save Mart, the message from the company and from the owner Bob Piccinini was that Save Mart would take care of its employees like family. The company's principle back then was: you give to us, and we give to you. I can remember multiple sales-generating rallies for employees at the stores where Bob Piccinini would tell employees that we are going to make this future together, and that we are a family. I and the rest of the employees that I knew believed him. We were absolutely passionate about Save Mart, and Bob Piccinini was revered by the Save Mart employees who worked for him. A big part of our job in Human Resources was to help spread this message and this feeling amongst all Save Mart employees, and we did. We were CASE NO. 22-CV-04645-WHO 3 passionate believers in and communicators of this message that Save Mart was a family and would take care of its employees. Having generous lifetime benefits was a key pillar of this promise.

8. Specifically with respect to retirement benefits, my job duties included participating in meetings with Human Resources personnel including the Benefits Manager as well as Store Managers, Division Supervisors, and other employees about these benefits. Each year, the benefits insurance broker Gallagher Insurance would present Save Mart with options for various benefits packages. Typically, I, Benefits Manager Beth Fugate or Vickie Del Re, and Senior Vice President of Human Resources Mike Silveira would attend this presentation, and then the Benefits Manager and Mike Silveira would present the options to owner Bob Piccinini. Bob Piccinini maintained the final decision-making authority and would select the benefits packages for that year. Then, Gallagher Insurance would provide the details of the selected packages to the Benefits Manager, who in turn would communicate those details to me and the Human Resources Department personnel. Gallagher also provided pamphlets on the benefits to the Benefits Manager, and the Benefits Manager and other Human Resources personnel would create Save Mart-specific benefits handouts and disseminate them to employees. Human Resources personnel would present this information to the non-union employees in regular meetings and in response to employee questions. Based on the training that I received when I joined Save Mart and over the course of my employment there, I always understood that Save Mart would provide eligible non-union retirees with health care benefits equal to or greater than the union's benefits which would be for the duration of their lives.

9. Eligible employee meant someone who met the criteria of Save Mart's retirement plan. Those criteria may have changed in small ways over the years, but generally meant:
(a) age 55 with 30 years of service; (b) age 60 with 15 years of service; (c) age 65 with ten years of service; or (d) the "Golden 85," whereby years of service plus age equals or exceeds 85.

10.Throughout my employment at Save Mart, if a member of the HumanResources Department or a manager, supervisor, or any employee asked me to describe non-unionretiree health benefits, I would have told them that Save Mart provided health benefits to eligibleCASE NO. 22-CV-04645-WHO4

retirees and that Save Mart would always take care of them, which I believed meant for the duration of their lives. Based on the training that I received when I joined Save Mart and over the course of my employment there, I understood that the retiree health benefits would belong to an employee until they died, and if anyone asked me I would have told them so. I believe that it was broadly understood amongst employees that this benefit was for life. If anyone asked me, I am sure I told them that the benefit was for the duration of the retiree's life because that was always my understanding. None of us doubted that, nor were we given reason to. In my role as Vice President of Human Resources, I conveyed this understanding to the rest of the Human Resources personnel because I believed it to be true. All of the information and answers that we conveyed to employees were based on the premise that non-union retiree health benefits were for life.

11. The Human Resources Department was responsible for disseminating the information about benefits to new hires. Save Mart provided detailed employee orientation meetings for all new hires. These orientations were held each time a new store opened and approximately weekly at various locations for any new employees in the district hired at existing stores. At the new-store orientations, Benefits Administrator Vickie Del Re, Benefits Manager Beth Fugate, Manager of Employee Relations Valerie Vallo, and/or other Human Resources representatives presented information regarding all of the benefits offered to non-union employees, including retiree health benefits, among other topics. At the district-level orientations, Training Representatives provided the same information. Commonly, benefits pamphlets were handed out, and a Power Point or other visual presentation were displayed. Typically, a Store Manager or District Manager also presented at the orientation.

12. The union employees had a separate benefits package under the contract with the union. My understanding was that the union package included retiree health benefits for life, and I believe this was the common understanding amongst Human Resources personnel and Save Mart employees broadly. This was important because Save Mart leadership reassured employees coming from union stores that non-union benefits were as good as or better than the union's. These statements CASE NO. 22-CV-04645-WHO 5 were made so regularly by management, supervisors, and Human Resources personnel that it was commonly understood and repeated by and amongst Save Mart employees. I along with the Human Resources employees whom I supervised all believed these messages one hundred percent. We were proud of it in our hearts and souls; it was the Save Mart way to take care of its employees. I never thought the non-union retiree health benefits would be taken away. As far as I know, no personnel in Human Resources nor any other employees thought that the non-union retiree health benefits would be taken away. The message to and from all of us in Human Resources was that these benefits are yours, you have dedicated your life to Save Mart, and we are going to take care of you from here until the end.

13. To my recollection, one of the first times I heard someone in Save Mart management say that the non-union benefits were as good or better than the union's benefits was Vice President of Human Resources John Bacon in approximately 1991, who was my boss at the time. Later on, Mike Silveira succeeded him in that role, and Mike Silveira also consistently repeated this messaging to everyone in Human Resources. This messaging was very effective and convincing to employees, and many Save Mart stores remained non-union because employees understood that their benefits would always be as good or better than the union's. This was the message that my superiors conveyed to me, and I conveyed it broadly and earnestly to Human Resources personnel whom I supervised, managers, and employees alike.

14. On some occasions, I recall repeating this message that non-union benefits would always be as good or better than the union's benefits to employees who had been members of the union while working in a store location but would lose their union membership when they were promoted to corporate-level jobs. I recall employees asking me why they should change positions or stores if it meant they would have to lose their union membership. I and other supervisors would reassure these employees that Save Mart was always going to take care of them. I told these employees that their retiree health benefits would always be as good or better than the union's. I also directed the personnel on my Human Resources Department team to disseminate this message and DECLARATION OF WENDY KENNEDY

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they did so, including Manager of Employee Relations Valerie Vallo, Manager of Recruiting Kathleen ("Kit") Tharp, Benefits Administrator Vickie Del Re, and Benefits Manager Beth Fugate.

15. It was my true understanding of the policy that non-union retiree health benefits would always be as good or better than the union's, and that they would last for the duration of the retiree's life. In my 19 years of working at the Director and Vice President levels at Save Mart, I did not hear any discussions or statements from Save Mart executives, owner Bob Piccinini, or other Human Resources personnel that Save Mart was reserving the right to eliminate retiree's health benefits. To the contrary, I always heard leadership say the opposite: that the benefits would be as good or better than the union benefits, which meant the health benefits would be for life. Accordingly, I never told any Human Resources personnel, managers, or other employees that non-union retiree health benefits would potentially be taken away.

16. Over my years at Save Mart, I recall seeing the dissemination of numerous booklets, pamphlets, letters, and other documents describing non-union retiree health benefits to employees. I often oversaw the dissemination of such documentation to employees in my supervisory role within Human Resources. I do not recall ever seeing mention in any of these documents that Save Mart reserved the right to terminate these benefits. I never prepared a presentation or any documentation stating that Save Mart reserved the right to terminate these benefits because that was not my understanding, nor was that the direction I had received from higher-level executives.

17. My employment with Save Mart ended in 2010. I had not reached the eligibility requirements for retiree benefits. However, I am aware that Save Mart terminated its non-union retiree health benefits. I was shocked to hear this. I never thought this would happen. It was always my understanding that Save Mart had promised these benefits to eligible retirees for the duration of their lives. I believe that many employees relied on this promise when deciding to continue their employment at Save Mart in order to attain eligibility for these benefits and when deciding at what point to retire.

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1	I declare under penalty of perjury under th	e laws of the Unit	ted States that the foregoing
2	is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.		
3	Executed this ²² / ₂ day of November, 202	Ripon 2,in	, California.
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5		ocusigned by: Ndy kennedy	
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28	CASE NO. 22-CV-04645-WHO 8	1	DECLARATION OF WENDY KENNEDY

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Anne B. Shaver (CA Bar No. 255928) ashaver@lchb.com Michelle A. Lamy (CA Bar No. 308174) mlamy@lchb.com LIEFF CABRASER HEIMANN & BERNSTEIN LLP 275 Battery St. Fl. 29 San Francisco CA 94111 Phone: (415) 956-1000 James P. Keenley (CA Bar No. 253106) jkeenley@bkkllp.com Emily A. Bolt (CA Bar No. 253109) ebolt@bkkllp.com BOLT KEENLEY KIM LLP 2855 Telegraph Ave., Suite 517 Berkeley CA 94705 Phone: (510) 225-0696 Matthew J. Matern (CA Bar No. 159798)			
11 12	mmatern@maternlawgroup.com Mikael H. Stahle (CA Bar No. 182599)			
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14	Phone: (310) 531-1900			
15 16	Attorneys for Plaintiffs and the Class			
17 18 19	UNITED STATI NORTHERN DIST SAN FRAN	FRICT O	F CALIFORNIA	
20	KATHERINE BAKER, JOSE LUNA, EDGAR POPKE, and DENNY G. WRASKE,	/	o.: 3:22-cv-4645-	WHO
21	JR., on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated,) CLASS)	S ACTION	
22 23	Plaintiffs,) DECL	ARATION OF K	ATHLEEN THAR
23	v.))		
25	SAVE MART SUPERMARKETS,))		
26	Defendant.)		
27)		
28	Case No. 22-cv-04645-who	1	D	ECLARATION OF KATHLEEN THARP

I, Kathleen Tharp, declare as follows:

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 I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this Declaration, and could and would testify competently under oath if called as a witness. I understand that a class action lawsuit alleging violations of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA") has been filed against Save Mart Supermarkets ("Save Mart"), and that this Declaration may be used by the plaintiffs in connection with this case.

I have seen a copy of the Complaint in this case and understand that this
 Declaration will be submitted along with the First Amended Complaint in the class action against Save
 Mart.

3. I was employed by Save Mart from 1985 until 2015. I worked primarily at the corporate headquarters in Modesto, which had various office locations over the years. I started as an Administrative Assistant in the Human Resources Department. Later, in the 1990s, I became the Manager of Recruiting, then Manager of Recruiting and Compensation, and eventually back to Manager of Recruiting as the company grew and roles needed to be divided, and finally for approximately the last two years of my employment I served as Manager of Compensation. Later, between approximately 2016-2019, I also did some part-time contracting work for Save Mart through a temporary employment contracting agency.

4. Initially, as an Administrative Assistant, my primary job duties were to help employees enroll in benefits, disseminate new hire paperwork, administer worker's compensation paperwork and checks, answer personnel-related questions from employees and managers, handle filing, recruit and interview new hires, and conduct other general human resources-related tasks. I was a "Jack of all trades" within Human Resources. Later, in my management roles, I continued some of these general human-resources job duties and focused on recruiting and hiring new employees, orienting new hires and transfers when new stores opened, collaborating on organi ational charts and salary rates for the various employee classifications, and administering the company's non-union compensation plan.

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5. An important part of my role within Human Resources was pitching how generous the non-union benefits packages were and specifically that they were as good or better than the union benefits. These benefits included health care, life insurance, retirement income, and retiree health benefits, among others. The first time I remember being told that the non-union benefits were as good or better than the union's and that I should disseminate this message to employees was in approximately 1985, by the Director of Human Resources Jerry Sauer. Around the same time, Jerry Sauer's supervisor John Bacon, who I understood to be a high-level attorney within the company who speciali ed in labor relations and unions, also gave me this same message that the non-union benefits were as good or better than the union's. Over the years, I also heard Director of Human Resources Steve Goodman and Corporate Counsel and Vice President of Human Resources Mike Silveira say the same thing: that the non-union benefits would be as good or better than the union's benefits. These persons were senior to me in the company and I understood their statements to be an accurate account of the company's benefit packages.

6. Throughout my tenure as a Human Resources employee at Save Mart, the company's approach was to tout the non-union benefits as being as good or better than the union benefits. Accordingly, when a new store opened, a team of Save Mart representatives would promote the non-union benefits at orientations and meetings with employees. During years of heavy expansion at Save Mart, I participated in approximately five to eight such new store openings per year. At any given store opening meeting, this team could include myself, a Vice President of Human Resources, a Division Supervisor, a Store Manager, a Training Manager, and/or a Human Resources Benefits Department Manager. The message from each of these Save Mart representatives including myself was consistent: the non-union benefits were as good or better than the union's benefits. I specifically recall Director of Human Resources Jerry Sauer and Director of Human Resources Steve Goodman being present at some of these store-opening meetings and stating that the non-union benefits were as good or better than the union benefits. Store management would also be conveying the same message to new hires and transferees at these meetings. I recall thinking that this was good for me as a non-

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union employee myself because the company would always be competing with the union benefits and
 since the union benefits were so good, my benefits as a non-union employee would always be as good
 or better.

7. As a rule of thumb, when a new store opened, new hires would account for half of the employees, and transferred employees from existing Save Mart stores would account for the other half. This meant that when a new store was opening, I would be speaking with many existing Save Mart employees, some of whom were union members prior to their transfer if their previous store was unioni ed. When a new store first opened, it would not be part of the union that could only happen later if the employees voted to unioni e. Accordingly, any union employees who transferred into a new store would lose their union membership and their eligibility for ongoing union benefits, and they would be covered under the non-union benefits packages instead. I recall that on numerous occasions, formerly union-member employees being transferred were nervous to be losing their union benefits. I repeatedly told these employees not to worry, that their benefits would be as good or better than the union's, and that their benefits would even be the same as my own benefits and those of their Store Manager, the Vice Presidents, and owner Bob Piccinini. I recall thinking these employees' concerns were unfounded because I trusted Save Mart's culture of care towards its non-union employees and believed that Save Mart intended to take care of eligible non-union retirees for life because I understood the union benefits to be for life and the non-union benefits were promised to be as good or better than the union's.

8. Occasionally, I would also visit established stores where there had been reports that the union may be trying to mobili e there, or when there had been a minor change to the benefits and there was a proactive effort to calm any employee concerns about the change. I and others were sent to visit such stores to tout the generousness of the benefits package and reiterate that the nonunion benefits were always as good or better than the union benefits, and that any minor changes would not alter that promise. For these meetings, it was typically announced to employees that company representatives were onsite to answer their questions, and employees could come talk with us DECLARATION OF KATHLEEN THARP

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individually or in small groups. I would stay in the store for a few hours or sometimes a full day, and I would talk up the company's benefits for non-union employees and answer employee questions.

9. Specifically with respect to retirement benefits, my job duties included communicating with Save Mart's non-union employees at meetings and in individual phone calls and it was common for the issue of retiree benefits to arise. Based on the training that I received when I joined Save Mart and over the course of my employment there, I always understood that Save Mart would provide eligible non-union retirees with health care benefits for the duration of their lives.

10. Throughout my employment within Human Resources at Save Mart, if an employee asked me general questions regarding the non-union retiree health benefits, I would have told them that Save Mart provided retiree health benefits to eligible retirees and their eligible spouses until the death of the retiree. I had many such conversations with employees during my thirty years of service at Save Mart regarding retirement benefits, both in store meetings and individually.

11. The union employees had a separate benefits package under the contract with the union. My understanding was that the union package included retiree health benefits for life and that Save Mart could not take those away, and I believe this was the common understanding amongst Human Resources personnel and Save Mart employees broadly. This was important because Save Mart leadership wanted to convey to employees that they did not need to unioni e because the non-union benefits would be as good as or better than the union's. Management knew that at any point the union could come in and try to unioni e a store or other work unit, and so it was important to them that the non-union employees had received the message that their benefits would always be as good or better than the union benefits. These statements were made so regularly by management, supervisors, and Human Resources personnel that it was commonly understood and repeated by and amongst Save Mart employees. Specifically, at the store meetings described in Paragraphs 5-8, I, along with executive-level management and store management repeatedly told employees that the non-union benefits.

 12.
 Each year for at least the last two or three years of my employment at Save Mart

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I received a copy of the "Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits" pamphlet, both in my Human Resources role and as an employee myself. This pamphlet was provided to employees on an annual basis. I kept one on my desk for reference when employees called me with benefits questions. The pamphlet contained useful information that we wanted to share widely so employees would have the information they needed regarding benefits. Where the pamphlet states: "WHEN COVERAGE ENDS Upon the death of the retiree," I understood this to mean that benefits would last until the retiree died. When employees asked me about their non-union retiree health benefits, they sometimes would reference this pamphlet in their questions. I would have told anyone who asked me that this provision meant the benefit would last for the duration of the retiree's life.

13. In 2016, Save Mart changed the retiree health benefit from a contribution towards health care premiums to an HRA plan. Save Mart would contribute 500 per month into an HRA for each eligible retiree and another 500 for their eligible spouse until they were 65 years old; once they were eligible for Medicare, the benefit went down to 300 per retiree and eligible spouse. My understanding was that while the methodology of how the retiree health benefits would be provided was changing, the benefits would still be provided to eligible retirees and their eligible spouses for the duration of the life of the retiree.

14. Based on the training that I received when I joined Save Mart and over the course of my employment there, I understood that the retiree health benefits would belong to an employee until they died, and if any Save Mart employees asked me I would have told them so. I believed that it was broadly understood amongst employees that the retiree health benefit was for life. If anyone asked me how long the retiree health benefits lasted, I am sure I told them that it was for the duration of their life. Because myself and the rest of the Human Resources Department believed this to be true, all of the information and answers that we conveyed to employees were based on the premise that the retiree health benefits were for life. Nothing about this was secret; I was not aware of any confidential meetings within Human Resources where it was discussed that the retiree health benefits could be terminated prior to an employee's death. uite the contrary, we widely disseminated the DECLARATION OF KATHLEEN THARP

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information about how generous the non-union retiree health benefits were and that Save Mart would take care of its retirees.

15. This was my true understanding of the policy. In nearly 30 years of working in the Human Resources Department at Save Mart, no one ever told me that the company could decide to eliminate retiree's health benefits or mentioned any sort of end date. To the contrary, I always heard leadership say the opposite: that the benefits would be as good or better than the union benefits, which meant the health benefits would be for life and could not be taken away. Throughout my tenure as a Save Mart employee, Save Mart portrayed a company ethos of taking care of its employees, which was fostered by the owner Bob Piccinini. It was widely understood both within Human Resources and companywide that Save Mart would take care of eligible retirees for life. There was a culture of longevity and a system of reward for longevity at Save Mart employees stayed with the company for decades, and the company fostered a feeling of trust that it would always take care of its employees. I never heard of employees suspecting that Save Mart could or would terminate the retiree health benefits.

16. I retired from Save Mart in 2015. I had been a non-union employee and was eligible for the non-union retiree benefits. A large part of my decision to retire was based on my eligibility for retiree health benefits for me and my husband. As I was considering retirement in 2015, I recall Larry Sanford, who was in the role of Senior Director of Human Resources, telling me not to worry, that the HRA would be plenty to cover whatever I needed to purchase health insurance, and that I would be fine. I understood him to be saying that Save Mart had done their research on the cost of health insurance premiums and that the HRA would be enough to cover those premiums for the rest of my life. He did not state that the HRA benefit could be revoked; quite the contrary, he was reassuring me that I would be taken care of and I believed this meant for the duration of my life.

17. I counted on both myself and my spouse having the HRA benefit until I died. I was shocked when I received notice from the company in April 2022 that it was terminating these benefits. That is not something that I ever thought could happen. In fact, I had chosen to continue my CASE NO. 22-CV-04645-WHO 7

1	employment at Save Mart for so many years specifically because of the promise of retiree medical				
2	benefitswhen I had opportunities or considered changing jobs over the years, I decided to stay at				
3	Save Mart because of the retiree benefits. I recall telling new employees over the years that if I were				
4	their age I would be open to considering a different job, but that because I was getting closer to				
5	retirement eligibility and the retirement medical benefits were so good, I was going to stay.				
6	18. I would not have retired in 2015 had I believed Save Mart could terminate the				
7	HRA benefit. I was only 58 years old at the time and would have continued working to earn money if				
8	I had thought this benefit might not last my entire life. I had carefully planned and budgeted for my				
9	retirement with these funds in mind, so losing them has impacted my standard of living.				
10					
11	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing				
12	is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.				
13	Executed this ²² / ₂ day of November, 2022, in Modesto, California.				
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28	CASE NO. 22-CV-04645-WHO 8 DECLARATION OF KATHLEEN THARP				

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21	JR., on behalf of themselves and all others		SACTION	
22	similarly situated,)) DECL	ARATION OF V	ALERIE VALLO
23	Plaintiffs,)		
24	v. ())		
25) SAVE MART SUPERMARKETS,)		
26) Defendant.)		
27))		
28	CASE No. 22-CV-04645	1		DECLARATION OF VALERIE VALLO

I, Valerie Vallo, declare as follows:

 I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this Declaration, and could and would testify competently under oath if called as a witness. I understand that a class action lawsuit alleging violations of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA") has been filed against Save Mart Supermarkets ("Save Mart"), and that this Declaration may be used by the Plaintiffs in connection with this case.

I have seen a copy of the Complaint in this case and understand that this
 Declaration will be submitted along with the First Amended Complaint in the class action against Save
 Mart.

3. I was employed by Save Mart from May 12, 1986 until October 2017. I worked primarily at the corporate headquarters in Modesto, which had various office locations over the years. I started as an Administrative Assistant in the Human Resources Department. Later I became the Personnel Supervisor, then Employee and Labor Relations Supervisor, and then until my retirement I served as Manager of Employee Relations.

4. My primary job duties initially were to help employees enroll in benefits, disseminate new hire paperwork, hand out worker's compensation paperwork, answer personnelrelated questions from employees and managers, handle filing, interview job applicants, and handle other general human resources-related tasks. I considered myself a "Jill of all trades" within Human Resources. In my role as Manager of Employee Relations, I continued these functions and also conducted trainings and meetings with store managers particularly around union grievances, arbitrations, and personnel issues.

5. An important part of my role within Human Resources was visiting stores to discuss the advantages to employees of stores remaining non-unionized, by talking about how generous the employee benefits were for non-union employees. These meetings were informally referred to internally as "the roadshow" or "kumbaya" meetings because the purpose was to foster harmony amongst the employees by reassuring them about their benefits and quelling any desires to DECLARATION OF VALERIE VALLO

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give up those benefits in favor of the union benefits package if the store unionized. For these meetings, it was typically announced to employees that company representatives were onsite to answer their questions, and employees could come and talk with us individually or in small groups. I stayed in the store for a few hours or sometimes a full day, typically along with a Vice President of Human Resources and/or a Division Supervisor, and we talked up the company's benefits for non-union employees and answer employee questions. These meetings were typically scheduled in response to reports that the union was working to organize within a particular store. I participated in, on average, two or three such meetings per year, up until the point around approximately 2007 when Save Mart's approach changed and it allowed the union organizing to proceed without attempting to convince employees of the benefits of remaining non-union.

6. Specifically with respect to retirement benefits, my job duties included communicating with Save Mart's non-union employees about retirement benefits at meetings and in individual phone calls. Based on the training that I received when I joined Save Mart and over the course of my employment there, I always understood that Save Mart would provide eligible non-union retirees with health care benefits for the duration of their lives.

7. Eligible employee meant someone who met the criteria of Save Mart's retirement plan. Those criteria may have changed in small ways over the years, but generally meant:
(a) age 55 with 30 years of service; (b) age 60 with 15 years of service; (c) age 65 with ten years of service; or (d) the "Golden 85," whereby years of service plus age equals or exceeds 85.

8. Throughout my employment within Human Resources at Save Mart, if an employee asked me to describe non-union retiree health benefits, I would have told them that Save Mart provided health benefits to eligible retirees for the duration of their lives and that the non-union benefits would always be as good or better than the union's benefits.

9. The union employees had a separate benefits package under the contract with the union. My understanding was that the union package included retiree health benefits for life and that Save Mart could not take those away, and I believe this was the common understanding amongst CASE NO. 22-CV-04645 3

Human Resources personnel and Save Mart employees broadly. This was important because Save Mart leadership actively discouraged employees from joining the union by promising that the nonunion benefits would be as good as or better than the union's. These statements were made so regularly by management, supervisors, and Human Resources personnel that it was commonly understood and repeated by and amongst Save Mart employees. Specifically, at the "roadshow" meetings described in Paragraph 5, I, along with a Vice President and/or a Division Supervisor, repeatedly told employees that the non-union benefits would be as good as or better than the union benefits.

10. To my recollection, one of the first times I heard someone in Save Mart management say that the non-union benefits were as good or better than the union's benefits was early in my tenure by Vice President of Human Resources John Bacon, who was my boss at the time. There was a new Save Mart store opening in Modesto where I made multiple visits around its opening, and on at least one occasion John Bacon was there as well, talking to employees. He told employees that it was their choice and they could choose to be union but they could also choose to be non-union, and that the non-union benefits were as good or better than the union's. John Bacon told me that this is the way that it was, and that I should tell this to employees. This messaging was very effective and convincing to employees, and many Save Mart stores remained non-union because the employees wanted to retain the benefits promised to non-unionized staff. I also heard this promise that the benefits for non-union employees were as good or better than the union's made by subsequent Vice President of Human Resources Mike Silveira, Benefits Manager Beth Fugate, Division Supervisor Steve Beaver, and Division Supervisor Erik Saam, among others.

11. I specifically recall describing non-union retiree health benefits at the roadshow meetings which I participated in on average two to three times per year, at other store meetings, and in many individual phone calls with employees who contacted Human Resources with questions about their benefits. It was a daily part of my job to respond to these types of questions. I remember keeping a "cheat sheet" in my desk drawer with the retirement eligibility formula because employees DECLARATION OF VALERIE VALLO

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called so frequently to ask about when they would be eligible for retirement and what the benefits would be. I also assembled the relevant benefits booklets and pamphlets into a binder so that I had ready access to the information when employees called with questions.

12. In 2016, Save Mart changed the retiree health benefit from a contribution towards health care premiums to an HRA plan. Save Mart would contribute \$500 per month into an HRA for each eligible retiree and another \$500 for their spouse. Around the same time, Save Mart sent letters to retirement-eligible employees, encouraging them to retire before December 31, 2017, or else they would lose the spousal HRA benefit. I know this because I received this letter myself. My understanding from this document was that the company wanted people to retire, and it was encouraging them to do so by eliminating the HRA spousal benefit unless people retired by December 31, 2017. This letter further contributed to my understanding that the company had promised us retiree health benefits for life because it was using that promise to try to convince me and other employees to retire; it would have made no sense for us to retire based on this offer if we believed that the company could take away the retiree health benefits at any time.

13. I recall that in 2016 or 2017, a female center store manager from Northern California called me in my capacity as Manager of Employee Relations to ask me about the letter described in Paragraph 12. She was having difficulty making the decision of whether to retire in order to keep her spousal medical benefits. As employees, while we were actively working, we received spousal health benefits, but based on the letter we now needed to retire by the end of 2017 or we would no longer receive spousal health benefits. She and I talked about what a difficult decision this was. My understanding at the time was that the retiree health benefits would be for life, and our entire conversation was premised on this understanding. The center store manager had this same understanding, and if she asked me whether the benefit would be for life, I am sure I told her that they would be.

14.A lot of employees had questions about the new HRA plan. It was part of myjob duties to answer those questions. Based on the training that I received when I joined Save Mart andCASE NO. 22-CV-046455

over the course of my employment there, I understood that the HRA benefit would belong to an employee until they died, and if anyone asked me I would have told them so. I believe that it was broadly understood amongst employees that this benefit was for life and that the funds could not be forfeited prior to the retiree's death. If employees asked me, I am sure I told them that the benefit was for the duration of their lives because that was always my understanding. Because I and the rest of the Human Resources department believed this to be true, all of the information and answers that we conveyed to employees were based on the premise that the HRA plan was for life. Nothing about this was secret; there were not any confidential meetings within Human Resources where it was discussed that the HRA benefits could be terminated prior to an employee's death. Quite the contrary, we widely disseminated the information about the beneficial aspects of being able to use the HRA to obtain health insurance and cover other costs during retirement, and I understood that employees were relying on this information when making their retirement decisions.

15. Each year starting in approximately 2013, I received a copy of the "Save Mart Select Retiree Benefits" pamphlet, both in my Human Resources role and as an employee myself. This pamphlet was mailed out to employees on an annual basis. In my role, when someone requested an additional or replacement copy, I sent it to them via interstore mail. The pamphlet contained useful information that we wanted to share widely so employees would have the information they needed regarding benefits. Where the pamphlet states: "WHEN COVERAGE ENDS...Upon the death of the retiree," I understood this to mean that benefits would last until the retiree died. When employees called me with questions about the HRA plan, they sometimes would reference this pamphlet in their questions. I would have told anyone who asked me that this provision meant the benefit would last for the duration of the retiree's life. I dealt with a lot of "gray areas" in my role as Human Resources, but to my mind this was not a gray area; it was in black and white that the benefit lasted until the retiree died.

16.Based on the information I had been given, I also regularly said to employeesstatements along the lines of: "You can save this up [in the HRA], you can accumulate this; nothingCASE NO. 22-CV-046456

1 says that you have to use it every year." This was my understanding—that the benefits could
2 accumulate up until the retiree's death, that they could not be taken away, and that there was no
3 deadline by which the amounts in the employee's HRA needed to be used prior to the death of the
4 retiree.

17. One component of the HRA was that the monthly benefit amount decreased when the retiree reached Medicare-eligibility age. I received numerous individual questions from employees about this in which I explained that the HRA would be \$500 per month until the retiree was eligible for Medicare so that the retiree could purchase primary medical insurance; and then the HRA benefit would decrease when the retiree was eligible for Medicare because then the retiree would only need to purchase a supplemental policy. The retiree medical plan, for my entire tenure, always was a secondary payor to Medicare for Medicare eligible employees, so this feature of the plan was consistent with how the plan had always worked. I believe this is an additional reason why employees, including myself and others in Human Resources, believed the HRA benefit would be for life—Medicare lasts for the duration of the retiree's life, and the HRA was meant to run up to and then concurrent with Medicare. I and others believed this meant that the HRA and Medicare would last for the duration of our lives.

18. This was my true understanding of the policy. In over 30 years of working in the HR Department at Save Mart, no one ever told me that the company could decide to eliminate retiree's health benefits or mentioned any sort of sunset clause. To the contrary, I always heard leadership say the opposite: that the benefits were as good or better than the union benefits, which meant the health benefits would be for life and could not be taken away. Prior to approximately 2015, Save Mart portrayed a company ethos of taking care of its employees, which was fostered by the owner Bob Piccinini. It was widely understood both within Human Resources and companywide that Save Mart would take care of eligible retirees for life. There was a strong culture of trust within the company, and I never heard of employees suspecting that Save Mart could or would terminate the retiree health benefits.

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19. I retired from Save Mart in 2017. I had been a non-union employee and was eligible for the non-union retiree benefits. A large part of my decision to retire was based on my eligibility for retiree health benefits. Specifically, I had received the letter from Save Mart stating that I would only be eligible for a spousal HRA payment if I retired by the end of 2017, and that it is the reason that I retired when I did. My husband had just undergone two very significant surgeries in 2017 and had ongoing medical needs, and so maintaining my spousal health benefits was a very high priority for me. This is the reason that I retired in 2017-to maintain spousal health benefits for life, because I had not previously been considering retirement at that time. I counted on both myself and my spouse having the HRA benefit until I died. I was shocked when I received notice in April 2022 from the company that it was terminating these benefits. That is not something that I ever thought could happen. I would not have retired in 2017 had I believed Save Mart could terminate the HRA benefit. I was also shocked that Save Mart will take back all of the money in my HRA that is not used by the end of 2022. I had always believed these funds could be accrued and used at any time prior to my death; that this was my account and would be for the rest of my life. I had told numerous other employees the same thing – that they could accumulate these funds in their account and did not need to use them right away. I believed that to be true for them as well as myself. I had been saving these funds because I thought I might need them when I reached older age. I would not have done this had I thought Save Mart could terminate these benefits and force me to forfeit unused funds in my HRA.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Executed this <u>22</u> day of November, 2022, in Prescott, Arizona.

Valerie Vallo

DECLARATION OF VALERIE VALLO

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